

NOPTREX: Polarized ³He Neutron Spin Filter and Polarized Xenon Pseudomagnetic Precession

Hao Lu

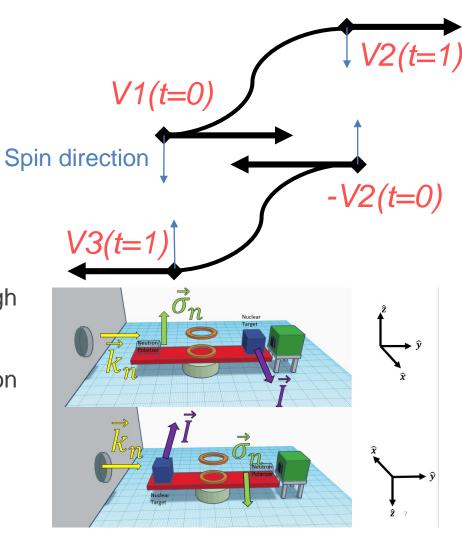
ORNL PSTP Workshop, Sept 2019

SECTION 1

NOPTREX Overview

NOPTREX

- Neutron OPtics Time Reversal Experiments
- Search for time reversal violation in polarized neutron transmission through polarized heavy nuclei
- Realize Time Reversal by using Motion Reversal





NOPTREX Components

- Parity violation measurements
 - Unpolarized targets: ¹³⁹La, ⁸¹Br, ¹³¹Xe
 - Polarized neutron source: ³He spin filter
- Kappa measurements
- Time and parity violation measurements
 - Polarized targets
 - Spin-dependent pseudomagnetic precession

$$\Delta \sigma_{TP} = \kappa(J) \frac{w}{v} \Delta \sigma_{P}$$
PT violation

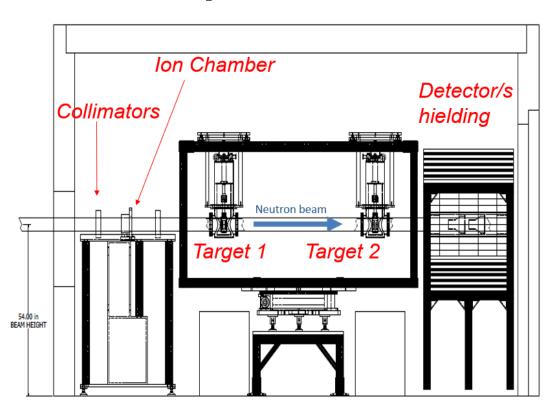
$$f = f_0 + f_1 \vec{\sigma_n} \cdot \vec{I} + f_2 \vec{\sigma_n} \cdot k_n + f_3 \vec{\sigma_n} \cdot (\vec{k_n} \times \vec{I})$$
 P-even, T-even P-odd P-odd, T-odd



SECTION 2

Polarized ³He Neutron Spin Filter

Double ¹³⁹La Setup

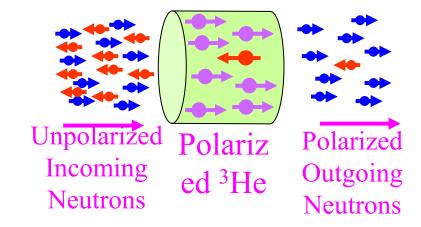




³He neutron spin filter

- Both P-odd and P-odd, T-odd measurements need polarized neutrons
- Strong spin-dependent neutron-3He reaction polarizes neutron beam

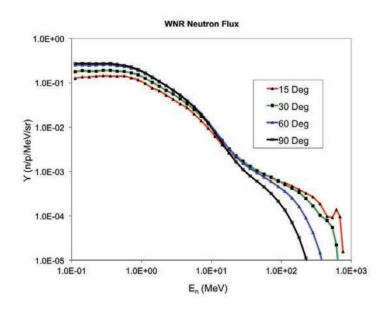
$$\Delta \sigma_{TP} = \kappa(J) \frac{w}{v} \Delta \sigma_{P}$$
PT violation





Neutron Energy

- Resonances of interest as well as neutron energy spectrum determine that we would like to polarize neutrons of a few eV
- ¹³⁹La
 - P~9.6% at 0.734 eV (Yuan et.al 1991)
- 81Br
 - P~1.77% at 0.88 eV (Frankle et.al 1992)
- ¹³¹Xe
 - P~4.3% at 3.2 eV (Szymanski et.al 1996)

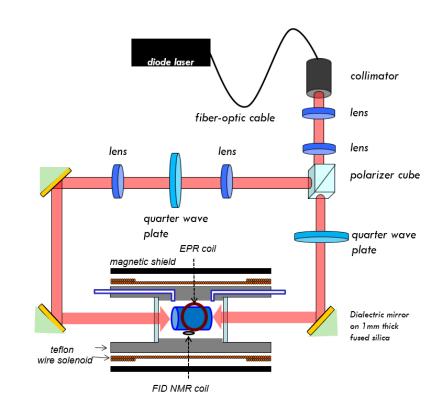


Suzanne F. Nowicki et,al. 2016



Spin-Exchange Optical Pumping

- ³He gas is polarized using SEOP method
- Laser polarizes alkali-metal vapor (Rb, K)
- Rb electrons spin-exchange with 3He thus polarizing 3He





³He Cell

- In order to achieve as high ³He polarization as possible, we generally need higher ³He pressure, longer cell length and larger cross-section
- But longer cell also means less neutron transmission
- $P_{\text{neutron}}(\lambda) = \tanh(A\lambda P_{3\text{He}})$
- $T_{neutron}(\lambda) = T_0 \exp(-A\lambda) \cosh(A\lambda P_{3He})$
- $A=n\sigma_0I$



³He cell received from ORNL

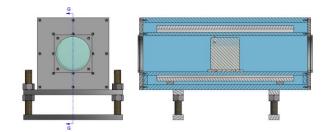


- ³He cell
- Oven
- Laser and Optics
- Light-tight box
- Mu-metal shielded solenoid





- ³He cell
- Oven
- Laser and Optics
- Light-tight box
- Mu-metal shielded solenoid

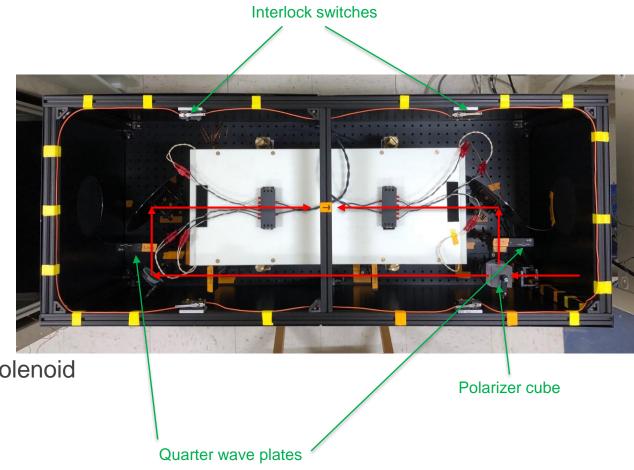






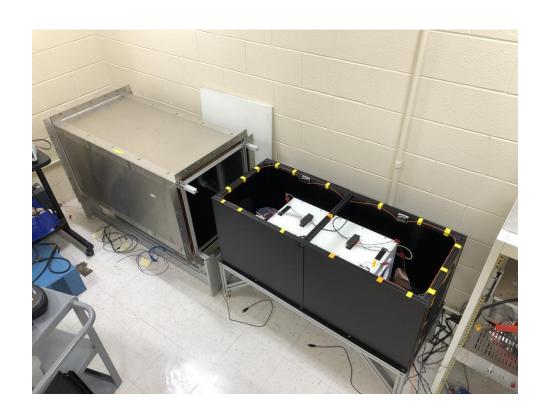
- ³He cell
- Oven
- Laser and Optics
- Light-tight box

Mu-metal shielded solenoid





- ³He cell
- Oven
- Laser and Optics
- Light-tight box
- Mu-metal shielded solenoid





- ³He cell
- Oven
- Laser and Optics
- Light-tight box
- Mu-metal shielded solenoid





SECTION 3

¹³¹Xe Pseudomagnetic Precession

Pseudomagnetic Precession

Motivations

- Systematic error produced by spindependent neutron-nucleus strong interaction
- Input in the global neutron-nucleus scattering length database, which helps quantitative description of nuclei
- Need to measure spin-dependent scattering lengths for ¹³¹Xe and ¹²⁹Xe

$$f = f_0 + f_1 \vec{\sigma_n} \cdot \vec{I} + f_2 \vec{\sigma_n} \cdot k_n + f_3 \vec{\sigma_n} \cdot (\vec{k_n} \times \vec{I})$$
 P-even, T-even P-odd P-odd, T-odd



Pseudomagnetic Precession

 Polarized neutrons experience Fermi pseudo-potential when interacting with polarized nucleus (O. Zimmer et.al, EPJdirect A1, 1-28, 2002)

$$V_F = \frac{2\pi\hbar^2}{m} Nb_c' + \frac{4\pi\hbar^2}{m} Nb_i' \sqrt{\frac{I}{I+1}} \mathbf{s} \cdot \mathbf{P} - \boldsymbol{\mu} \cdot \mathbf{B}.$$

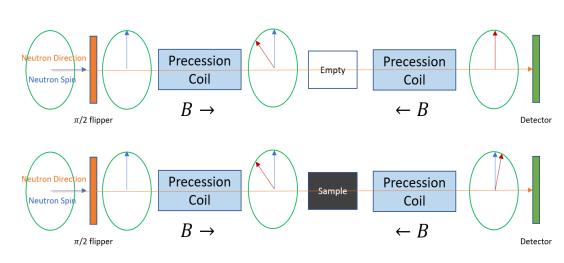
$$V_{F,pm} = -\boldsymbol{\mu} \cdot \left[-\frac{4\pi\hbar}{m\gamma} N b_i' \sqrt{\frac{I}{I+1}} \mathbf{P} \right] =: -\boldsymbol{\mu} \cdot \mathbf{H}^* ,$$

$$\varphi^* = \gamma H^* t = 2\sqrt{\frac{I}{I+1}} \lambda PNd b_i'.$$



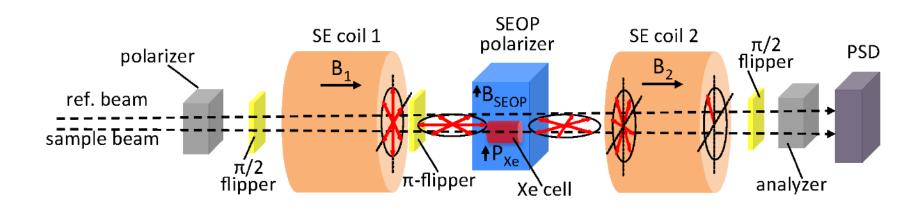
Neutron Spin Echo

- A very precise technique to measure tiny neutron energy change
 - Total rotation angle: $\varphi + 2\pi N$
 - Fractional error: $\Delta \varphi / 2\pi N$
- Modified to reflect pseudomagnetic precession





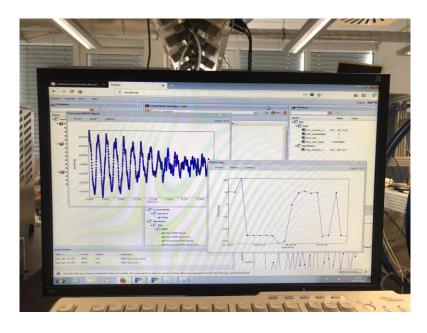
Experiment Setup





Experiment Status

 Successfully polarized Xe using a high performance in-situ SEOP polarizer



¹²⁹Xe NMR Signal and AFP phase log



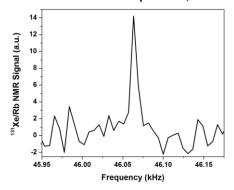
Experiment Status

- Successfully polarized Xe using a high performance in-situ SEOP polarizer
- A long GE180 Xe cell has been made at SIU
- Originally scheduled at FRM II, JCNS, MLZ
- Now consider transferring beam time to SNS at ORNL





¹³¹Xe/Rb NMR Spectrum, GE3



First 131Xe spectrum from a GE180 Cell (150 torr 131Xe, 150 torr N2)



Thank You!

