



The behaviour of AlMg3 after irradiation at high proton and neutron fluences

Y. Dai, B. Blau, K. Geissmann, H. Schweikert, M. Wohlmuther



PAUL SCHERRER INSTITUT

Introduction



PAUL SCHERRER INSTITUT

Introduction



K. Farrell, J. Nucl. Mater., 97 (1981) 33-43



Aluminium and Al-alloy are known having good thermal conductivity, low neutron absorption, and super radiation damage resistance.

Al-alloy 5052 (has a lot of data of neutron irradiation (up to 2×10^{27} n/m², which shows Al5052 has very good resistance to cavity formation and swelling compared to the other Al alloys

The composition of AI5052 is close to AIMg3.

Composition of AIMg₃

AI	Si	Fe	Cu	Mn	Mg	Cr	ті	Zn
bal.	0.30	0.25	0.03	0.35	2.72	0.04	0.01	0.04



SINQ Target Safety Hull Convex Type Target 4







SINQ Target Safety Hull Concave Type Applied to Targets: Megapie, 8,9, 11, 12...









SINQ Target Safety Hull Concave Type Target 9 13.15 Ah p+



PAUL SCHERRER INSTITUT



7



SINQ Target Safety Hull Gamma mapping





Y-axis, mm



SINQ Target Safety Hull

Sample extraction







⇒ Safety hull is SAFE after one-year irradiation!





Target 4 10.03Ah p+











K. Farrell, J. Nucl. Mater., 97 (1981) 13



Fracture behavior of AlMg3 after irradaition



0 dpa

0.7 dpa

3.6 dpa

Dai, et al. JNM 343 (2005) 14

Fracture behavior of AlMg3 after irradaition



Fracture behavior of AlMg3 after irradaition **8.5 dpa**



PAUL SCHERRER INSTITUT

Fracture behavior of AlMg3 after irradaition 8.5 dpa





Water corrosion of AlMg3 during irradaition **5.2 dpa**



Water corrosion of AlMg3 during irradaition 8.5 dpa





Preliminary conclusion:

The maximum proton charge acceptable for the AlMg3 safety-hull of the SINQ target is about 10 Ah, which is corresponding to 2-year operation at about 1.2 mA proton beam current at SINQ target.



Outlook: microstructural analysis



0.7 dpa

3.6 dpa



