

# Lifetime Assessment – An Overview of Solid Target Modeling from Neutronics through Fatigue

Thomas J. McManamy & Joseph B. Tipton, Jr.  
STS Target System Analysts

Target Simulations Workshop

6 April 2021

ORNL is managed by UT-Battelle, LLC for the US Department of Energy



# Background

Parameter	LANSCe MkIII [1]	ISIS TS1 [2]	ISIS TS2 MkI [3]	ISIS TS2 MkII [4]	STS
<b>Power (kW)</b>	80	160	36	32	700
<b>Energy (GeV)/proton</b>	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.3
<b>Frequency, f (Hz)</b>	20	40	10	10	15
<b>Average current (<math>\mu</math>A)</b>	100	200	45	40	538
<b>Protons/pulse, <math>N_p</math> (<math>10^{14}</math>)</b>	0.312	0.312	0.281	0.250	2.241
<b>Gaussian horizontal, <math>\sigma_x</math> (mm)</b>	15.0	16.3	6.0	6.0	74.4
<b>Super Gaussian, <math>n_x</math></b>	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.9
<b>Gaussian vertical, <math>\sigma_y</math> (mm)</b>	15.0	16.3	6.0	6.0	19.8
<b>Super Gaussian, <math>n_y</math></b>	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	4.0
<b>Peak protons/m<sup>2</sup>/pulse, <math>I_0</math> (<math>10^{16}</math>)</b>	2.2	1.9	12.4	11.0	3.3
<b>Peak Current Density, <math>J</math> (<math>\mu</math>A/cm<sup>2</sup>)</b>	7.1	12.0	19.9	17.7	7.8
<b>Peak heating (MW/m<sup>3</sup>)</b>	246	441	600	600	21
<b>Peak energy per pulse (MJ/m<sup>3</sup>/pulse)</b>	12.3	11.025	70	70	29.7
<b>Ta clad thickness (mm)</b>	0.25	2	1	1	1
<b>Ta peak temperature (°C)</b>	161	100	480	~100	110
<b>W peak temperature (°C)</b>		177	475	250	136
<b>W peak steady stress (MPa)</b>		200		157	133
<b>W peak total stress (MPa)</b>				206	173
<b>Lifetime (years)</b>	>10	~4.5	1.25	~1.5	10
<b>Uptime</b>	0.27	0.45	0.45	0.51	0.57
<b>Beam pulses</b>	1.69E+09	2.55E+09	1.75E+08	2.37E+08	1.29E+08

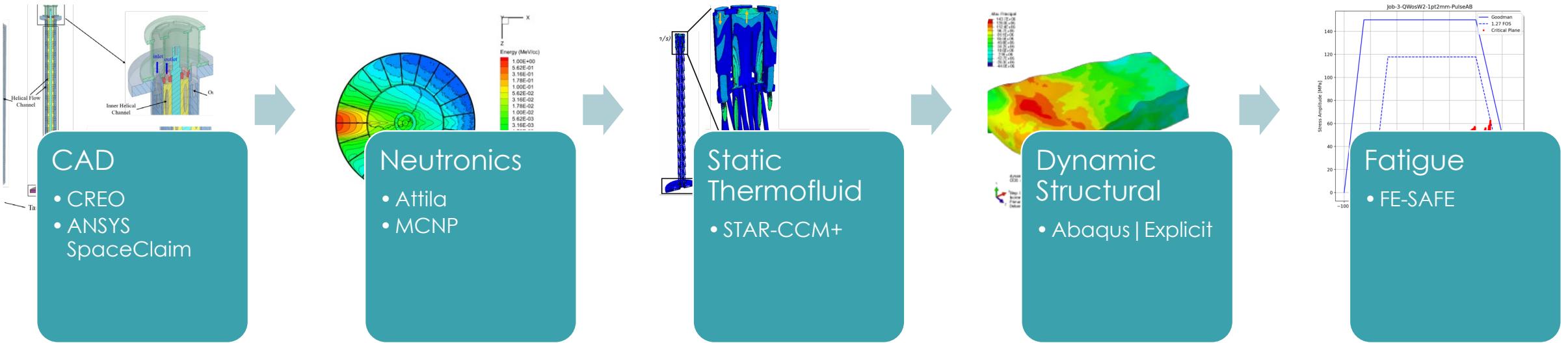
[1] Eron Kerstiens, Personal Communication, January 2021.  
 & Eric Olivas, "1L Target Mark III – Upper Target Production Run Conditions," LANL, 03/08/2018

[2] Dan Wilcox, IWSMT-13, 02 November 2016.  
 & T. Davenne, "Heat Flux and Stress Limits of the existing TS1 target with reference to future proposed upgrades," Oct. 2012.

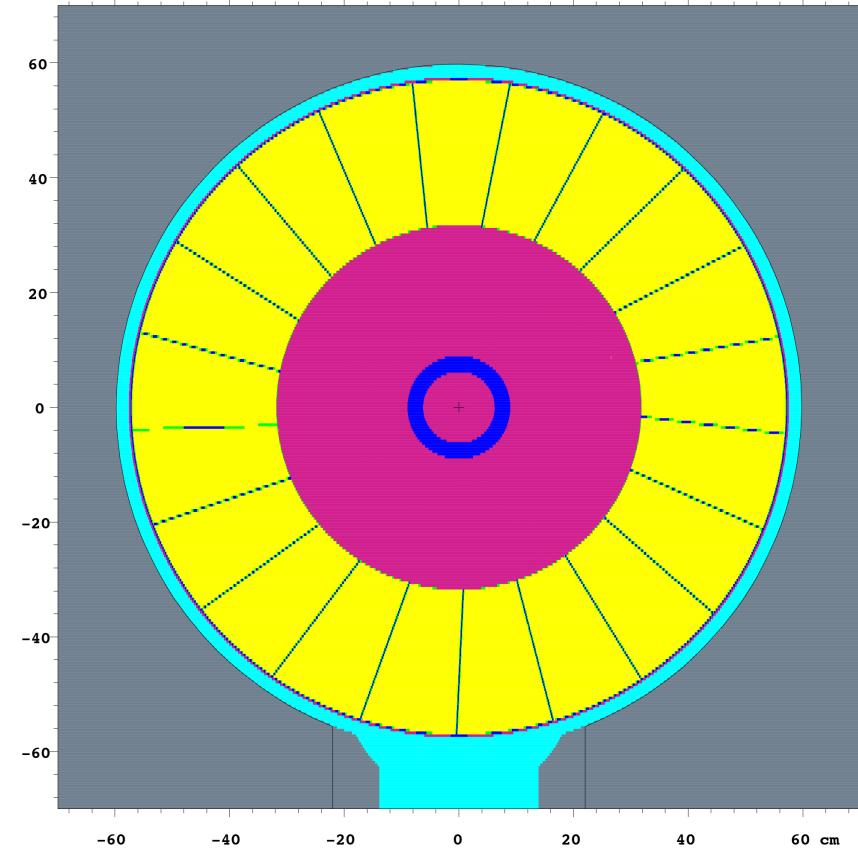
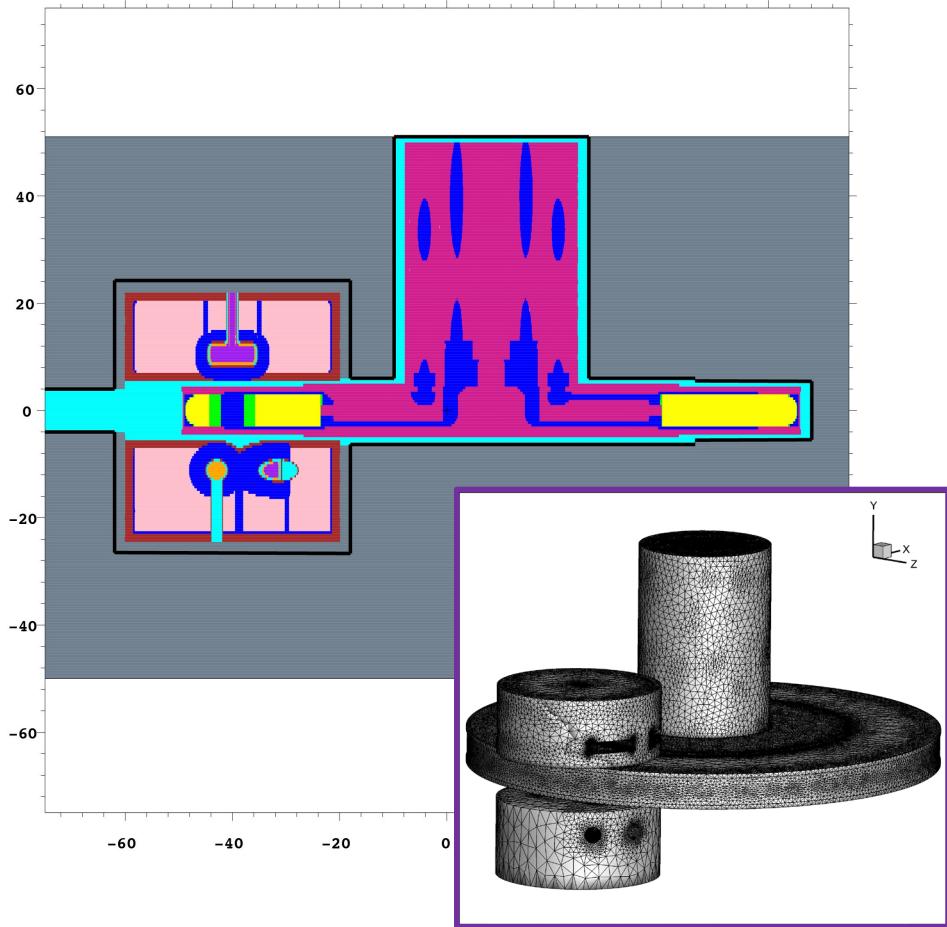
[3] Wilcox et al., J Nuc Matls, 2018.  
 & Mike Parkin, "ISIS Target Station 2: Target Mark 1 Front End Failure," High Power Targets Group, August 2019.

[4] Dan Wilcox, "Thermo-mechanical Analysis of ISIS TS2 Target," High Power Targets Group, August 2013.  
 & Dey and Jones, J Nuc Matls, 2018.

# Analysis Process

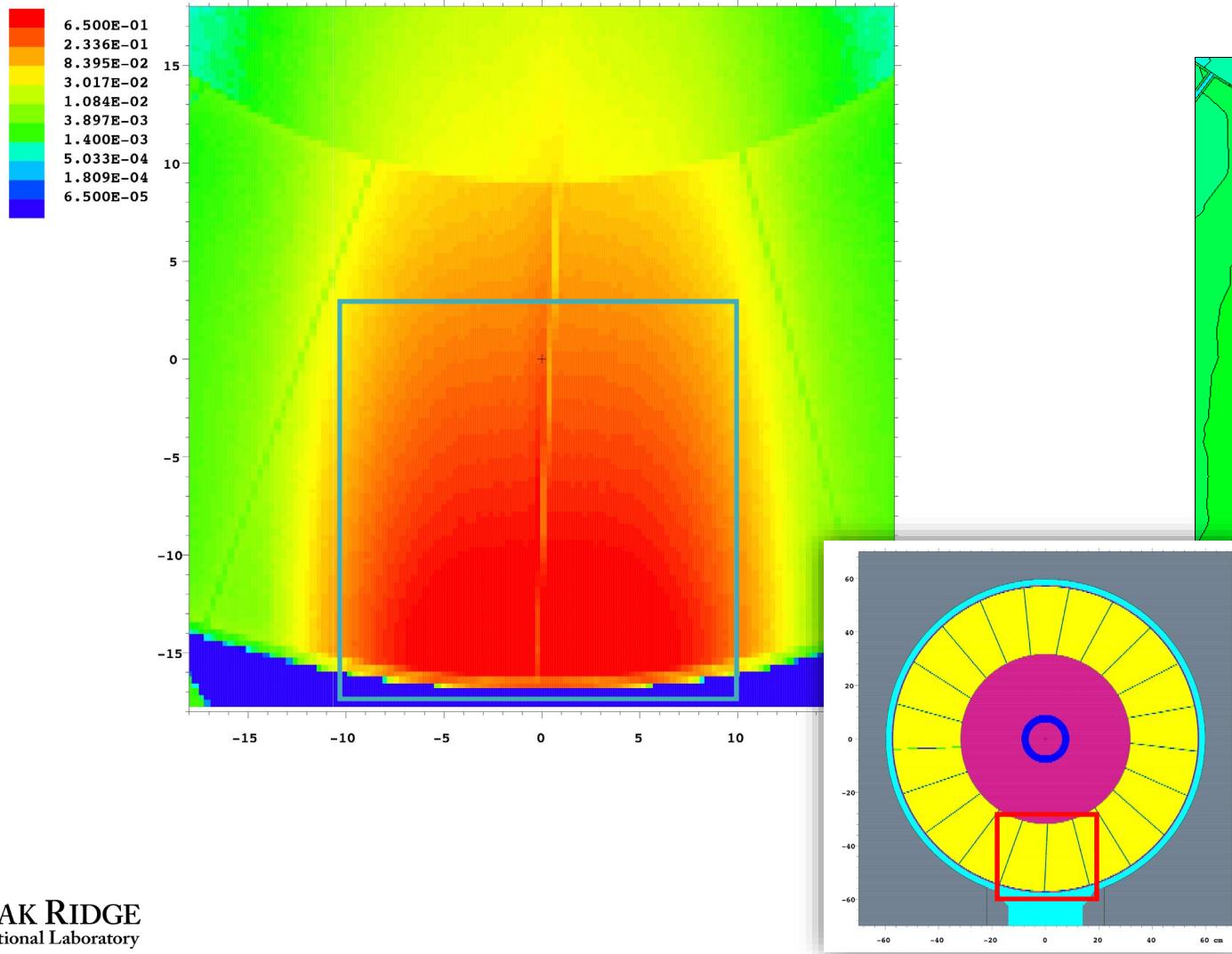


# Neutronics

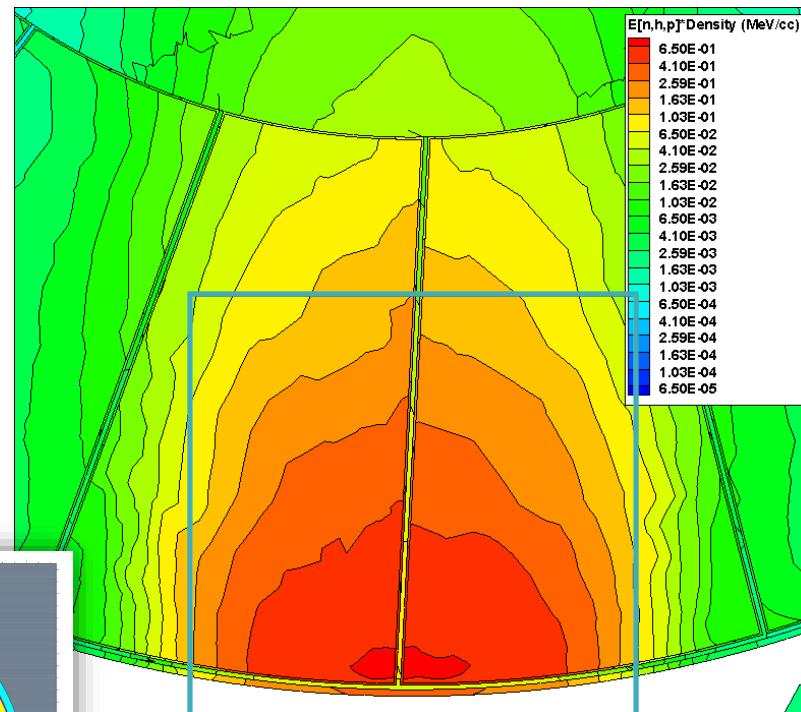


# Neutronics

Constructive Solid Geom. / DAGMC

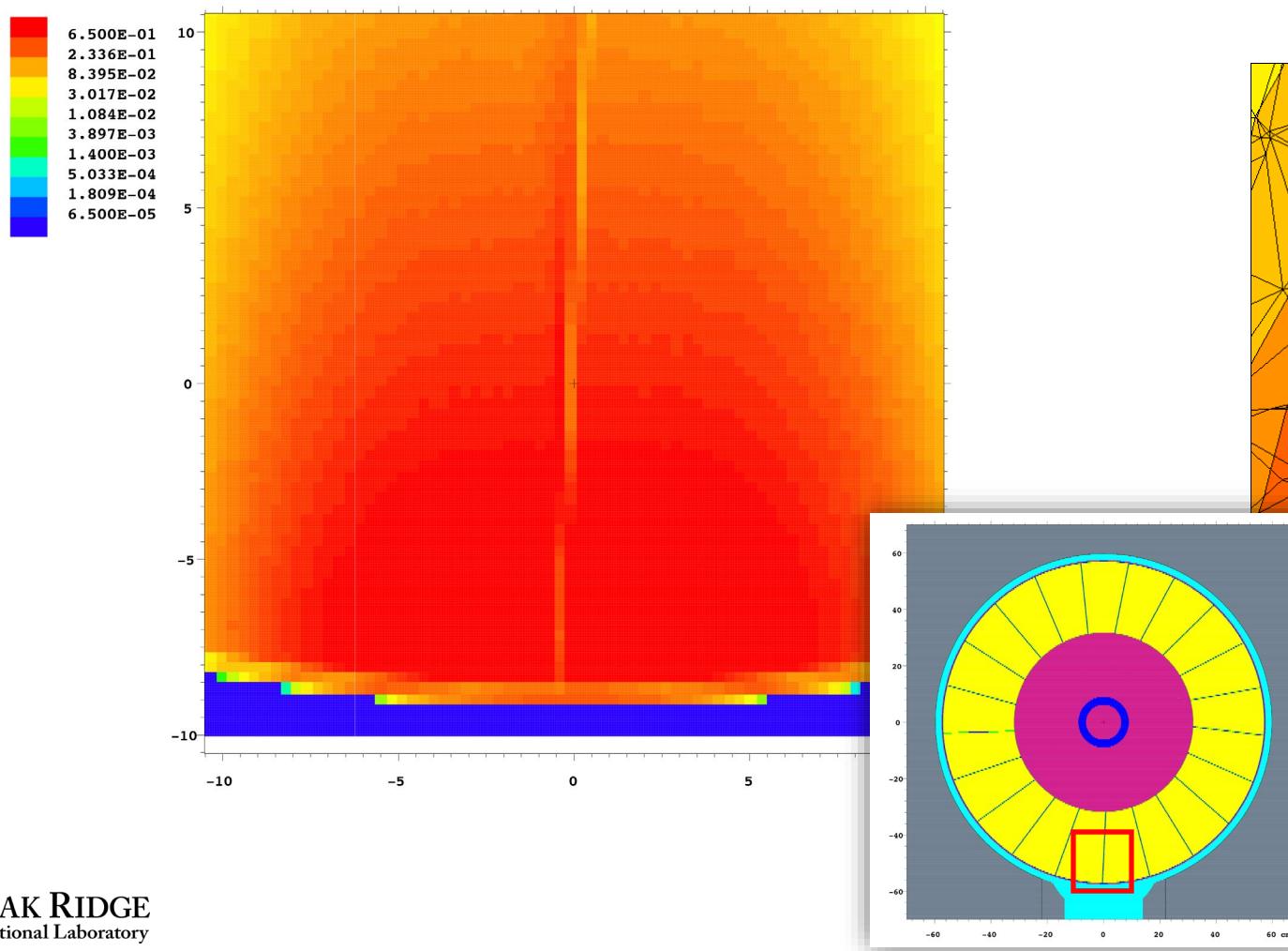


Attila Unstructured Mesh

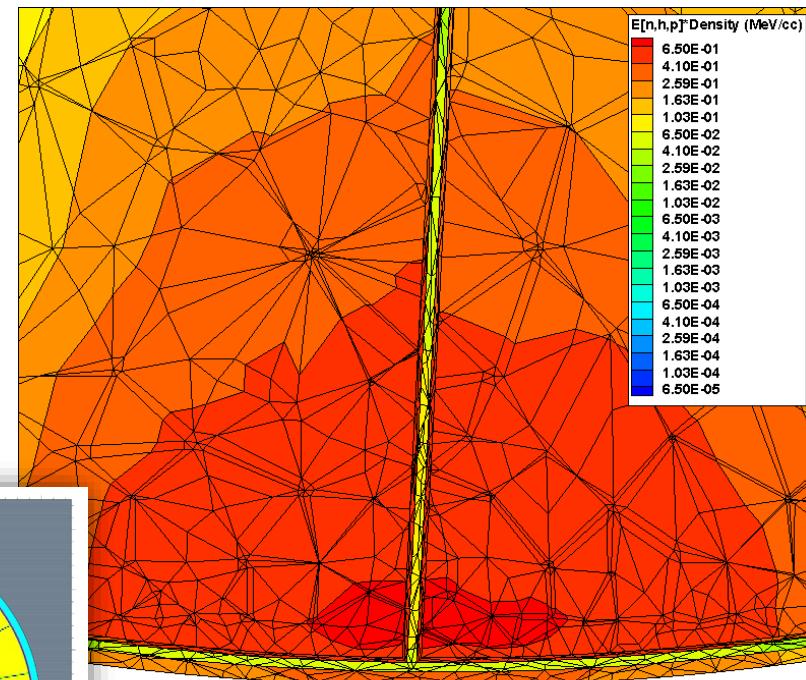


# Neutronics

Constructive Solid Geom. / DAGMC

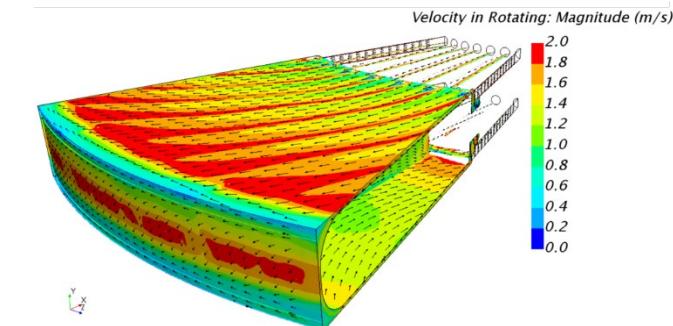
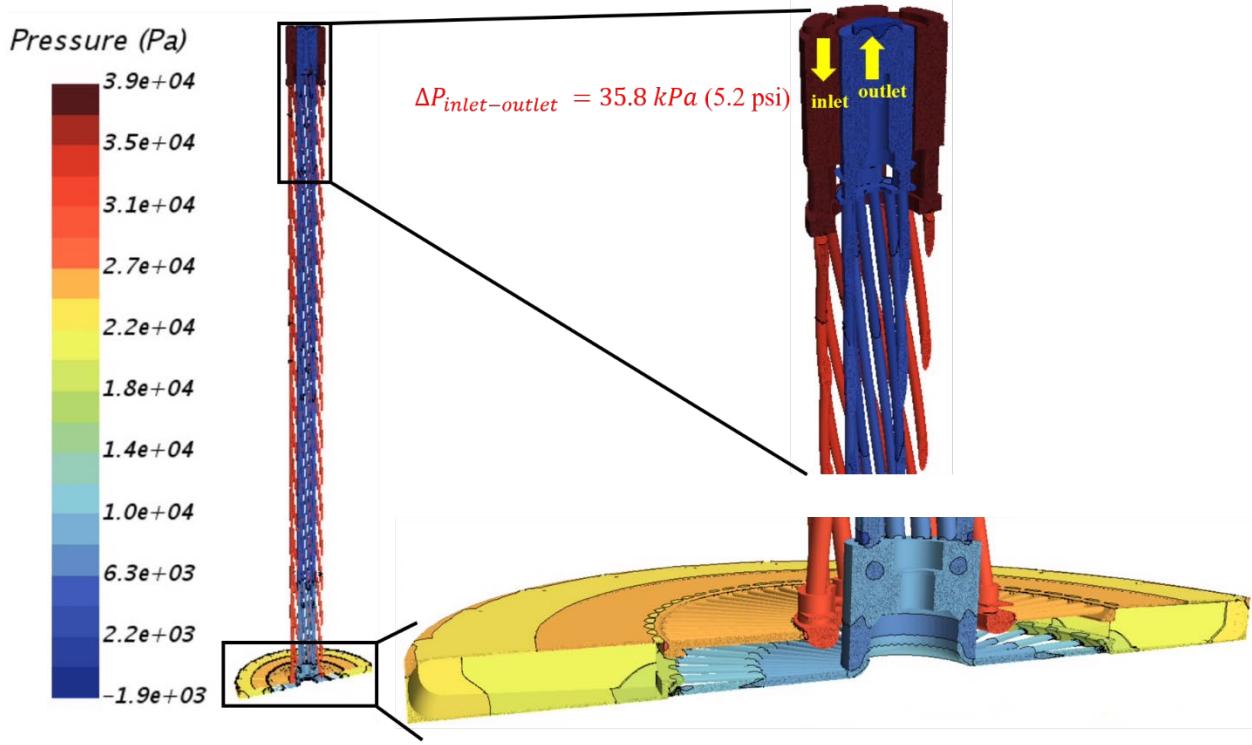
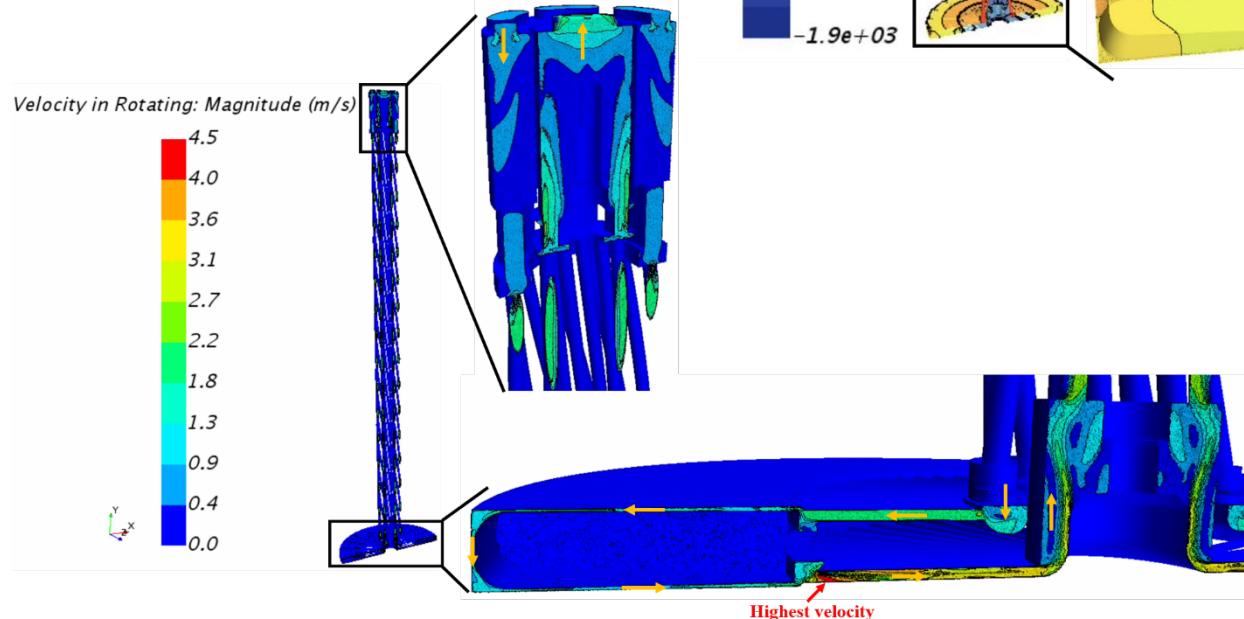


Attila Unstructured Mesh



# Static Thermofluid

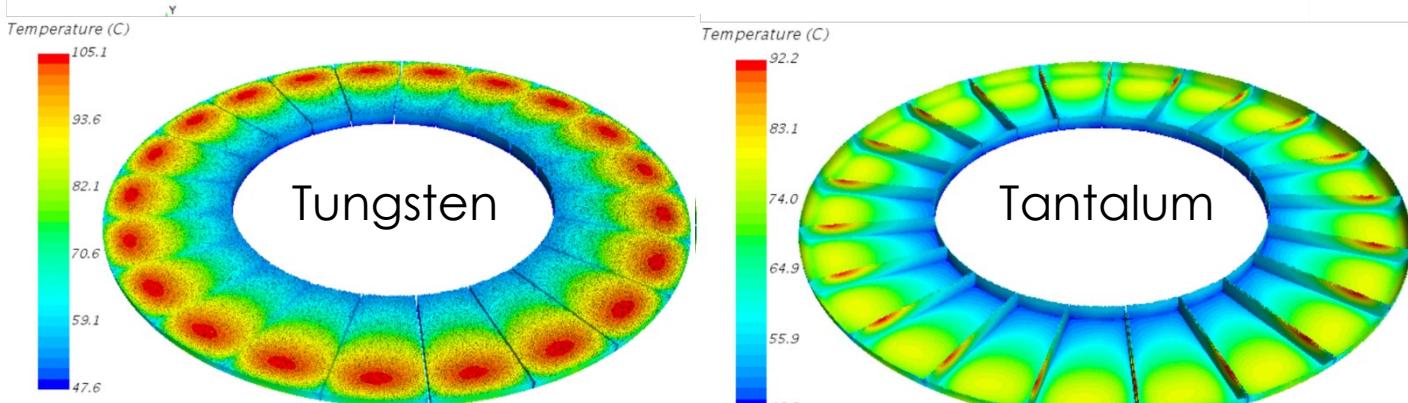
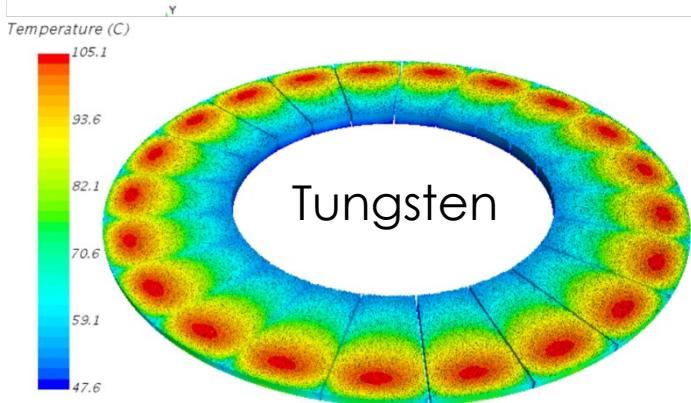
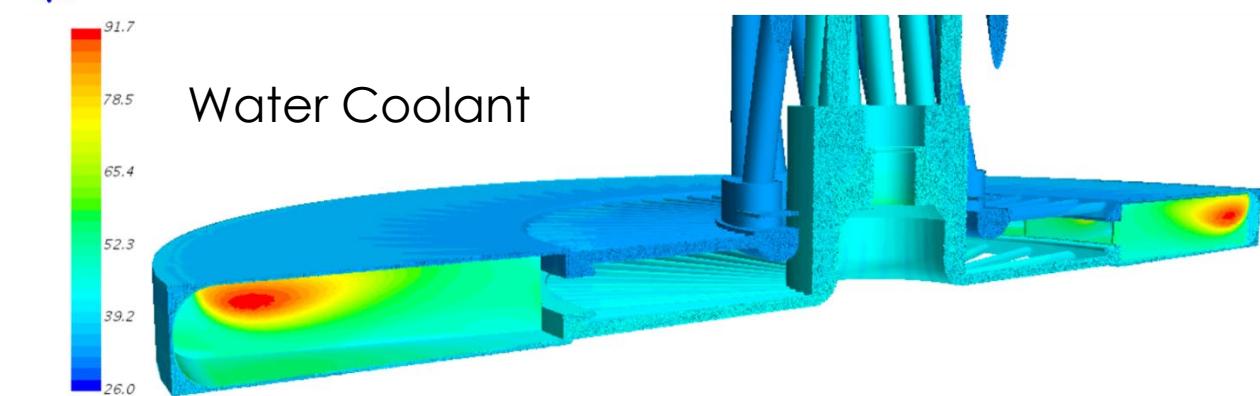
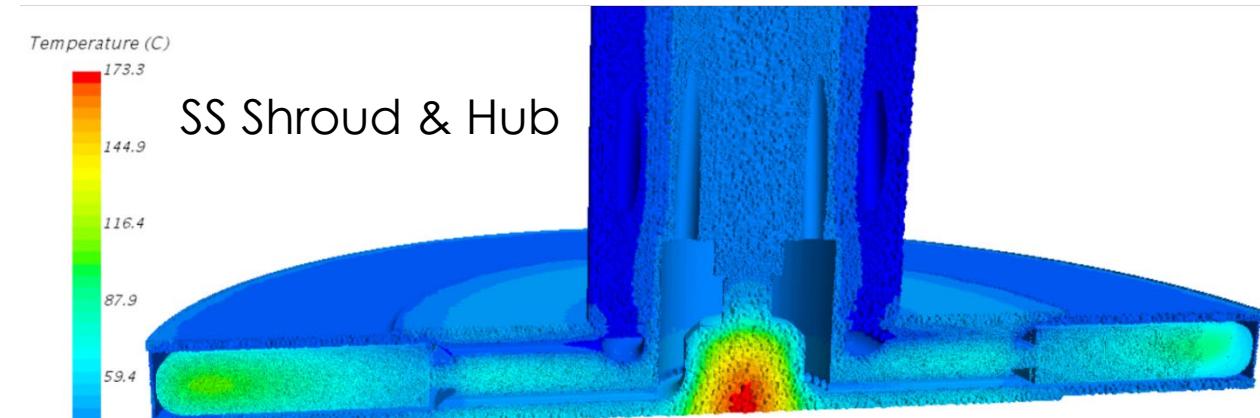
- Full CFD model of target system
- Flow balance between segments
- Coriolis effects included



Images Courtesy of Min-Tsung Kao

# Static Thermofluid

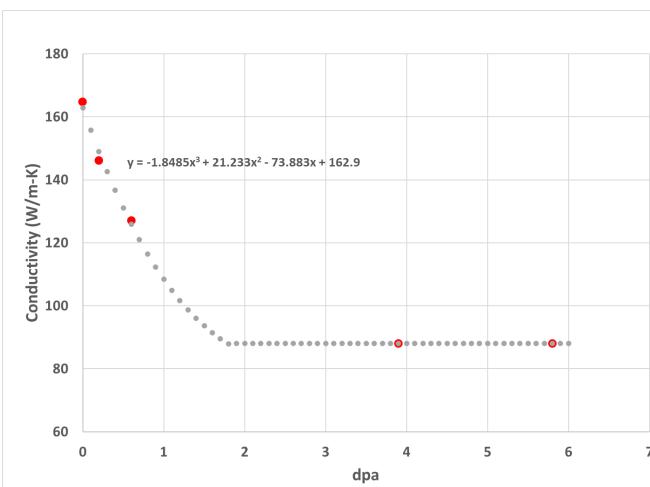
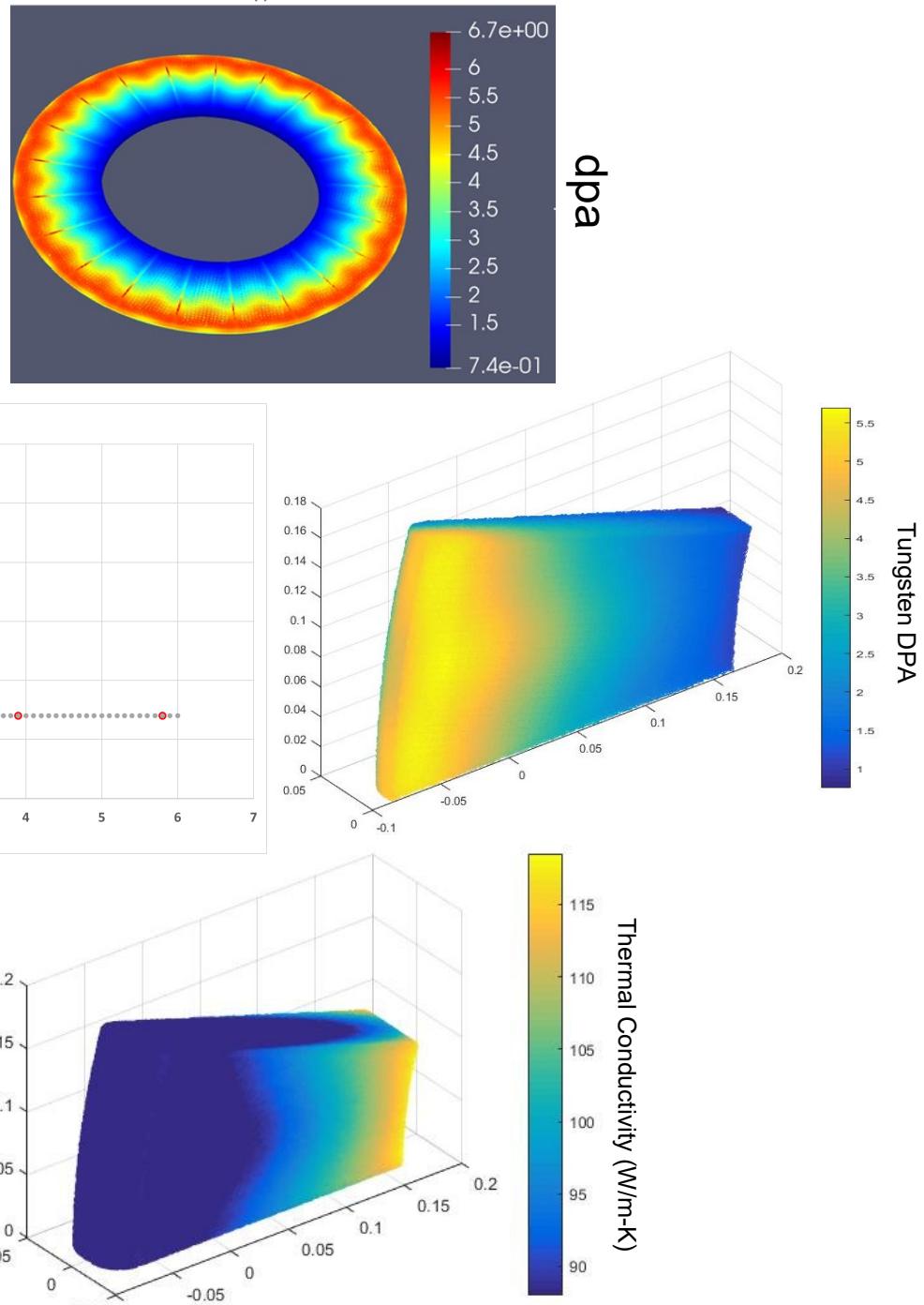
- Heat transfer analysis using interpolated energy deposition point cloud



Images Courtesy of Min-Tsung Kao

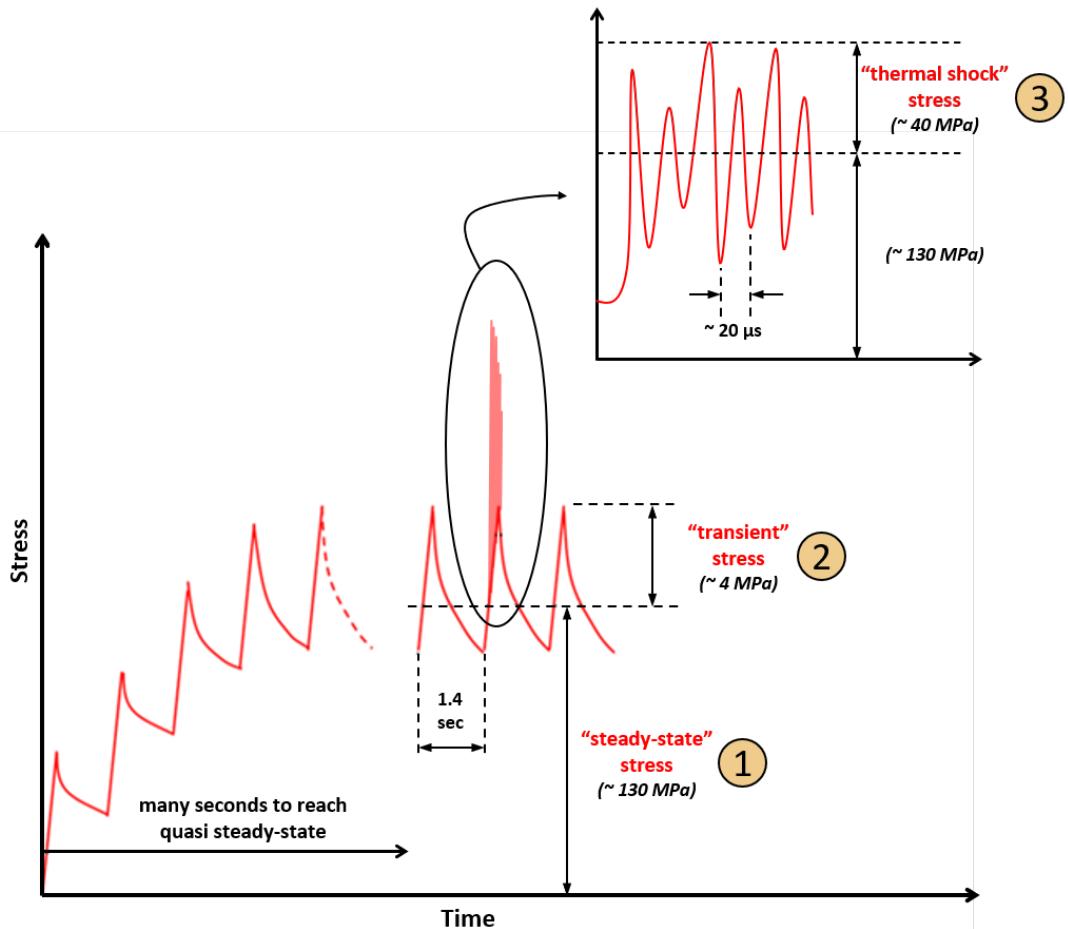
# Static Thermofluid

- Neutronics DPA point-cloud mapped to W thermal conductivity
- Tungsten maximum temperature
  - Unirradiated Thermal Conductivity = 105 °C
  - Irradiated Thermal Conductivity Field = 136 °C



# Dynamic Structural

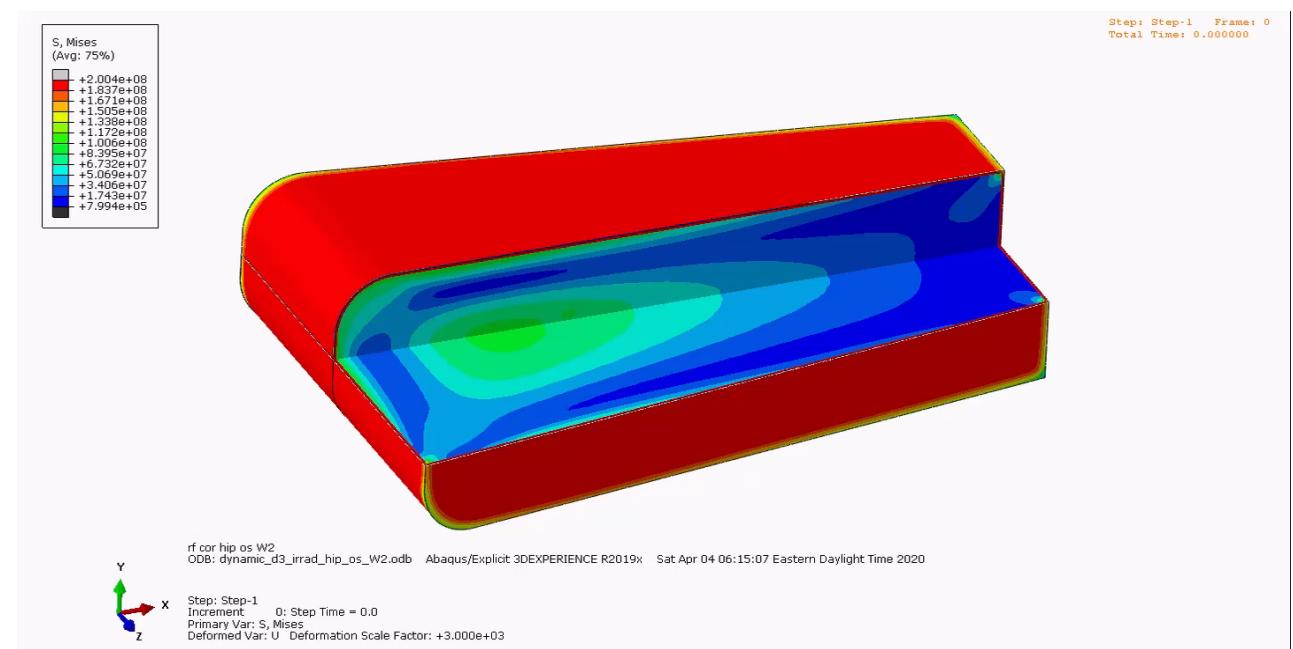
- Dynamic stress regimes



Modified from Peter Loveridge, ISIS Spallation Source

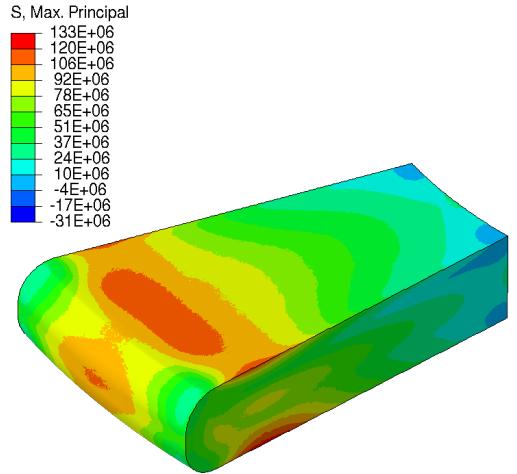
- Abaqus | Explicit

- HIP & SS applied as quasi-static steps
- Captures full Ta strain history
- Beam pulses imposed as  $\Delta T$  fields
- Elastic waves (“thermal shock”) reflect through block and cladding

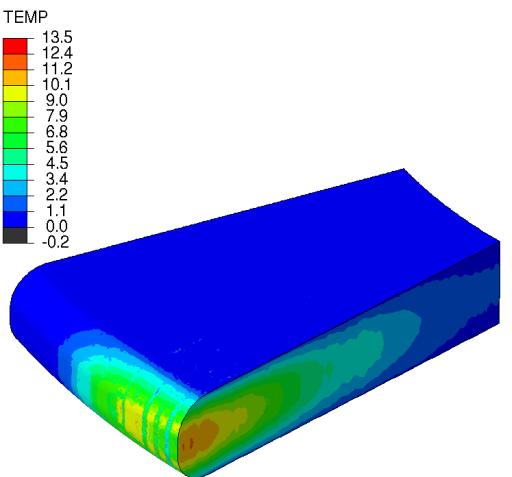


# Dynamic Structural

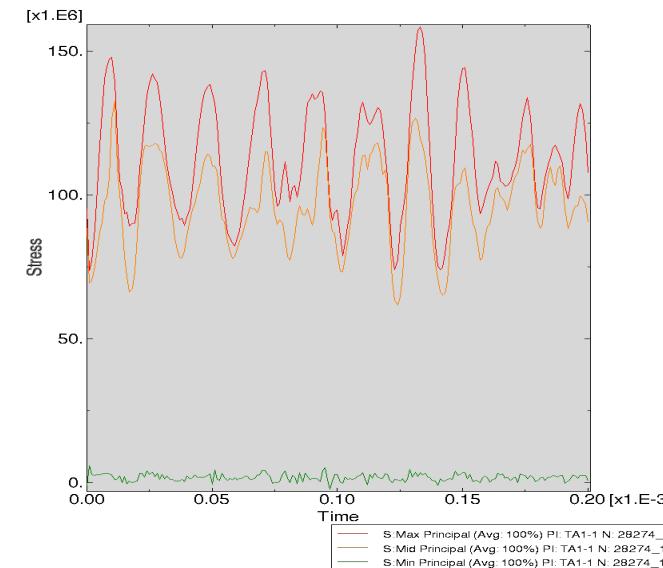
Quasi-static Stress



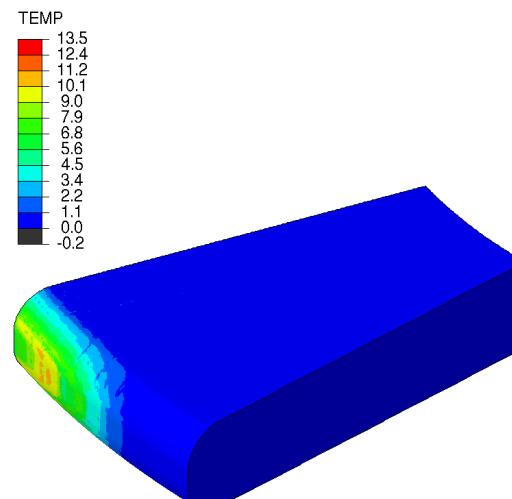
Thermal Pulse A



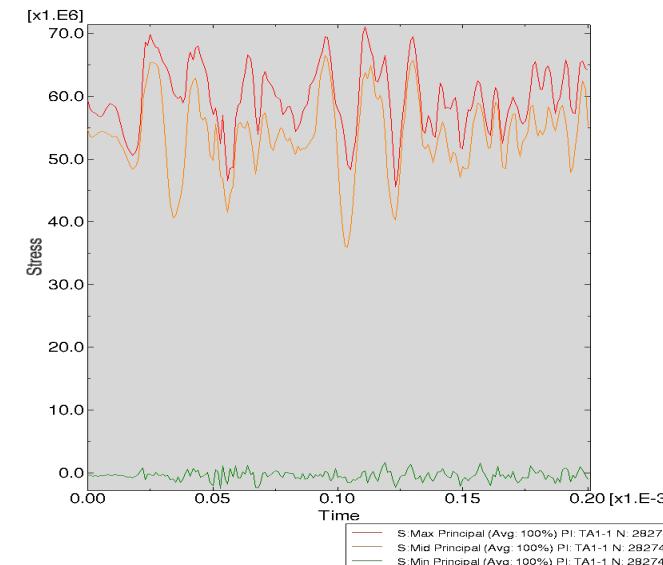
Dynamic Stress Response



Thermal Pulse B



Dynamic Stress Response



# Fatigue Lifing Concerns

## Tungsten Block

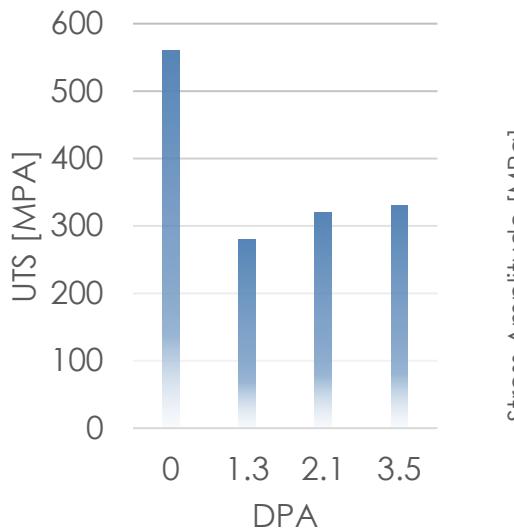
- Properties of Concern
  - Thermal conductivity as function of dpa
  - Irradiated elastic modulus
- Critical Life Stage = Later Operation
  - Irradiation reduces thermal conductivity
  - Ta stress relaxation above 1 dpa expected to remove any beneficial HIP residual stresses on W

## Tantalum Cladding

- Properties of Concern
  - Cold creep
  - Strain rate hardening
  - Temperature softening
  - Irradiation creep induced stress relaxation
- Critical Life Stage = Early Operation
  - Unirradiated properties
  - HIP pre-stress
  - Plastic yield

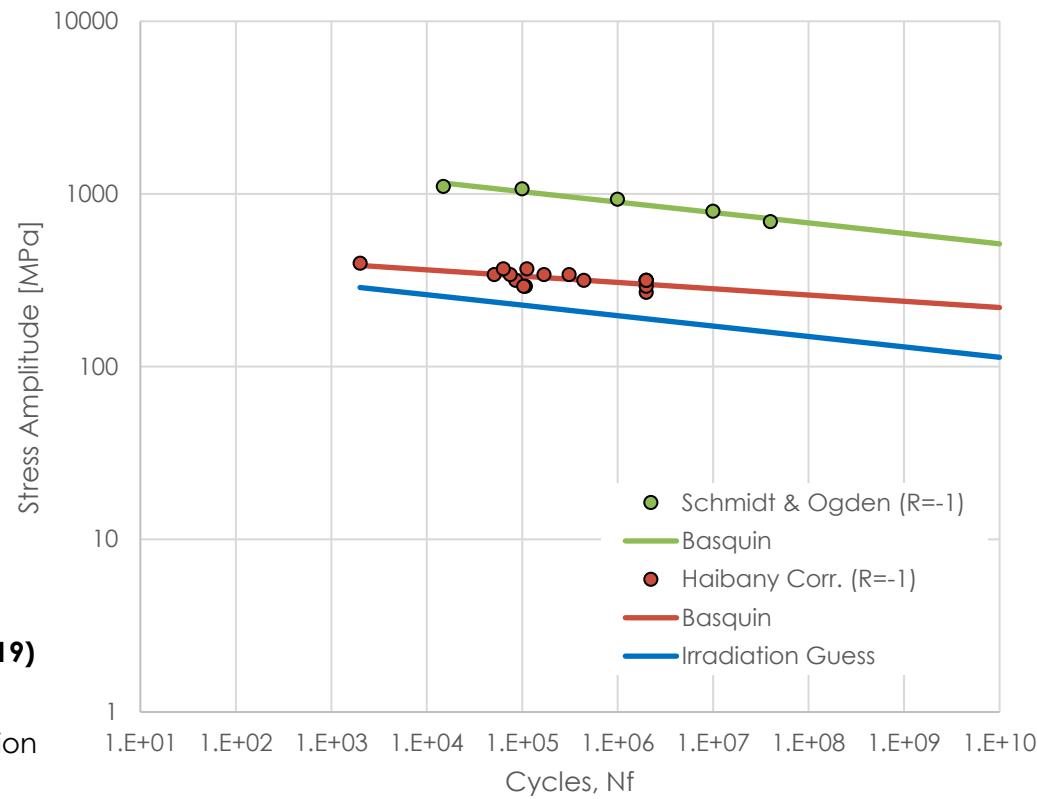
# Fatigue – Tungsten

- FE-SAFE Analysis
  - S/N Curve
  - Goodman's Linear Relationship
  - Critical Plane
  - Brittle Failure Theory
- Best guess irradiated properties
  - Irradiated, HIPed, Tungsten
  - Assume  $\sigma_{UTS} \approx 300$  MPa
  - Assume  $\sigma_N \approx \frac{\sigma_{UTS}}{2} = 150$  MPa

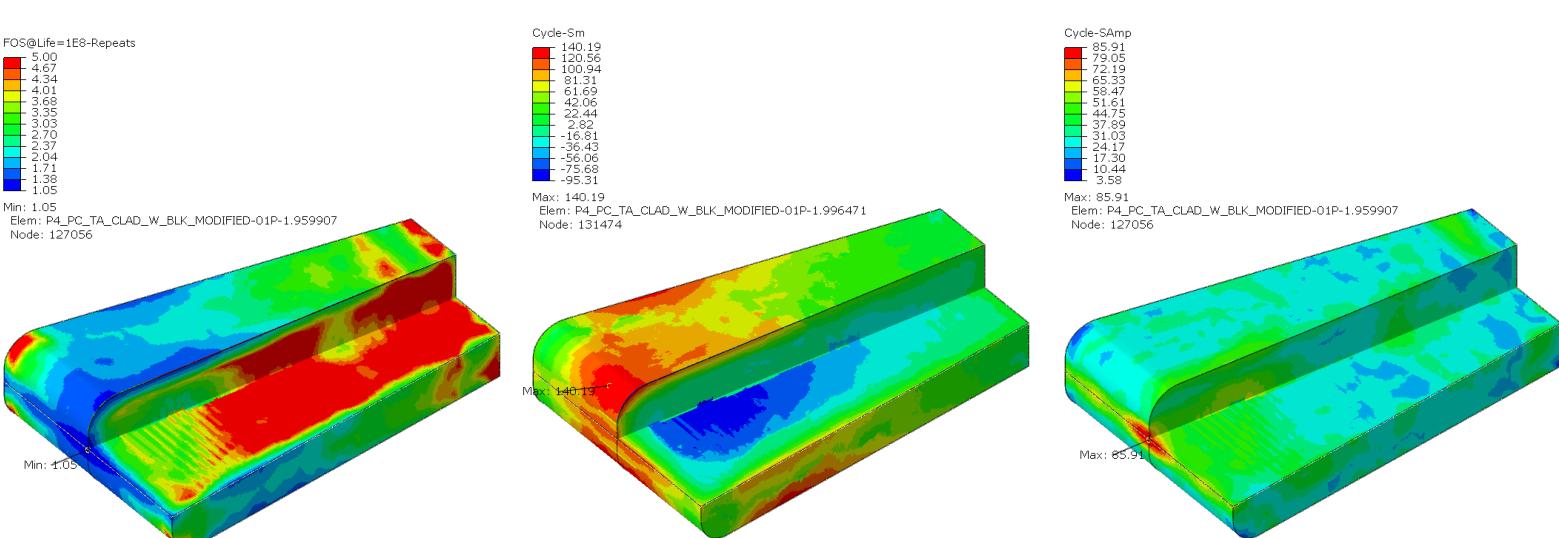
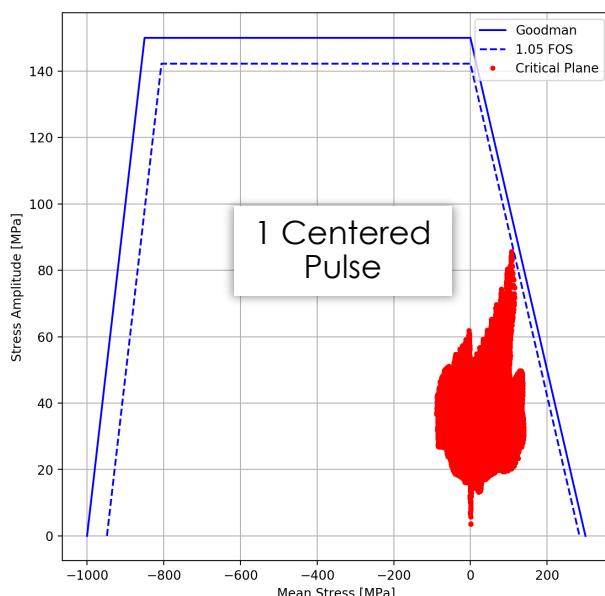
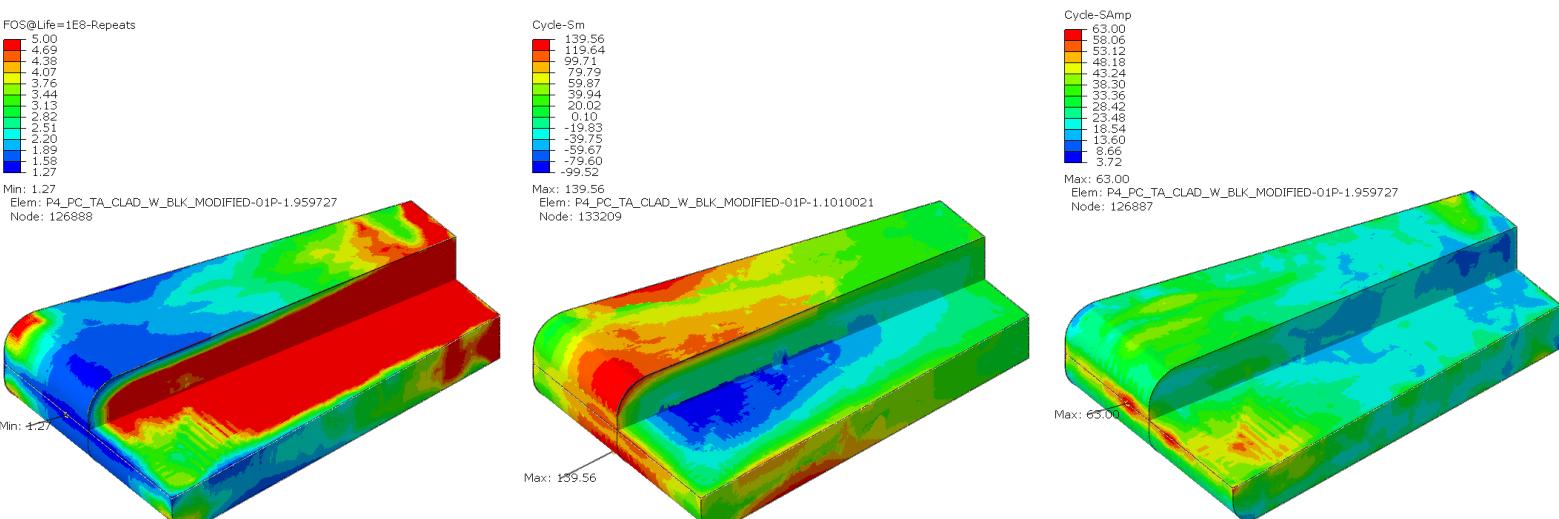
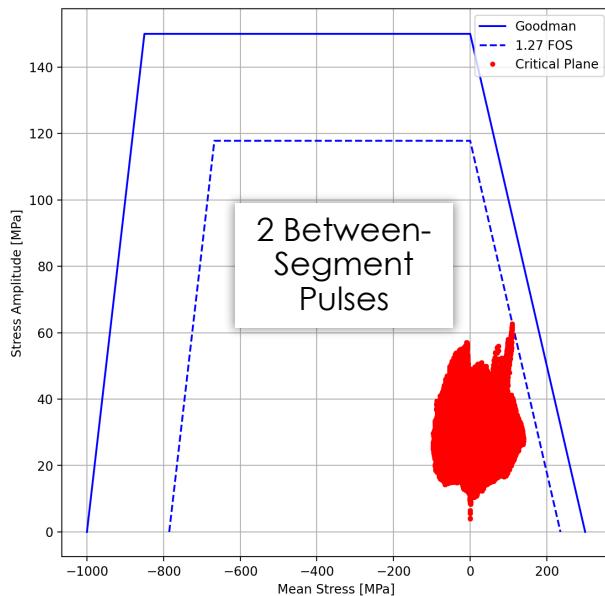
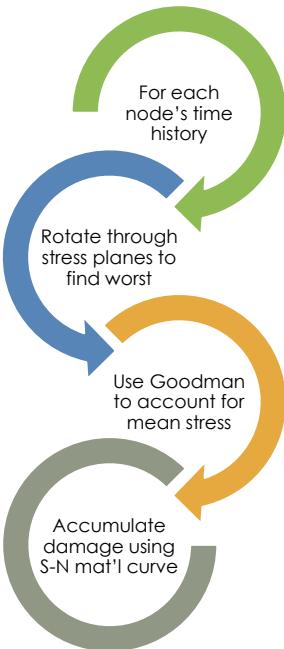


**Habainy et al., J Nuc Matl (2019)**

- Milled & Cross-Rolled W
- 3-point bend testing
- Room Temperature Irradiation

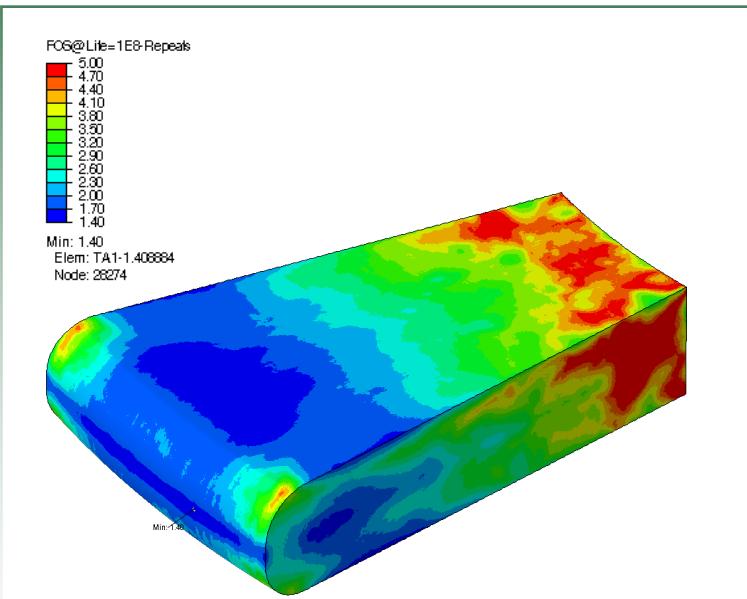


# Fatigue – Tungsten – Beam Placement Effect

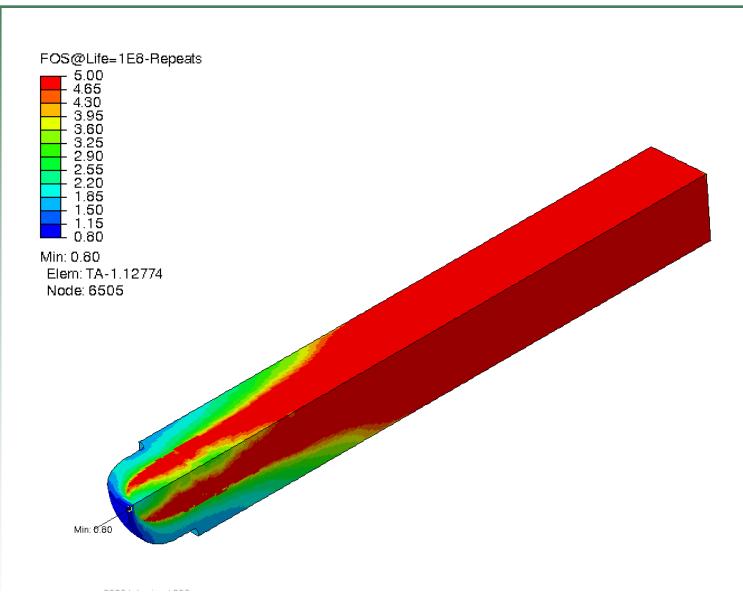


# Fatigue – Tungsten

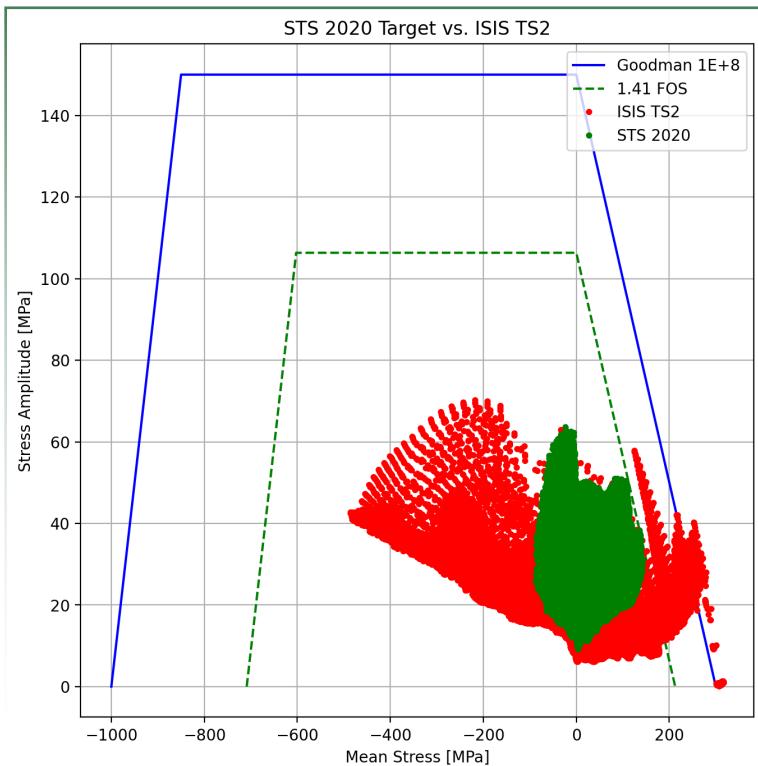
STS Wide Beam with Between-Segment Pulses



ISIS TS2 with Thermal Conductivity/DPA Variation

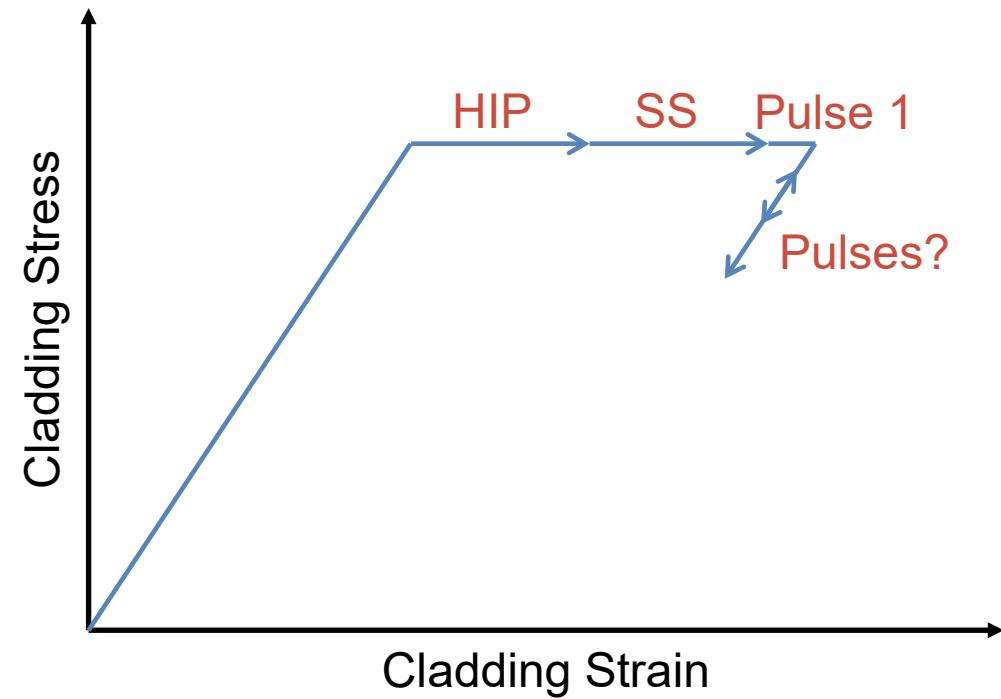


Comparisons using Fatigue Envelope for Irradiated Tungsten

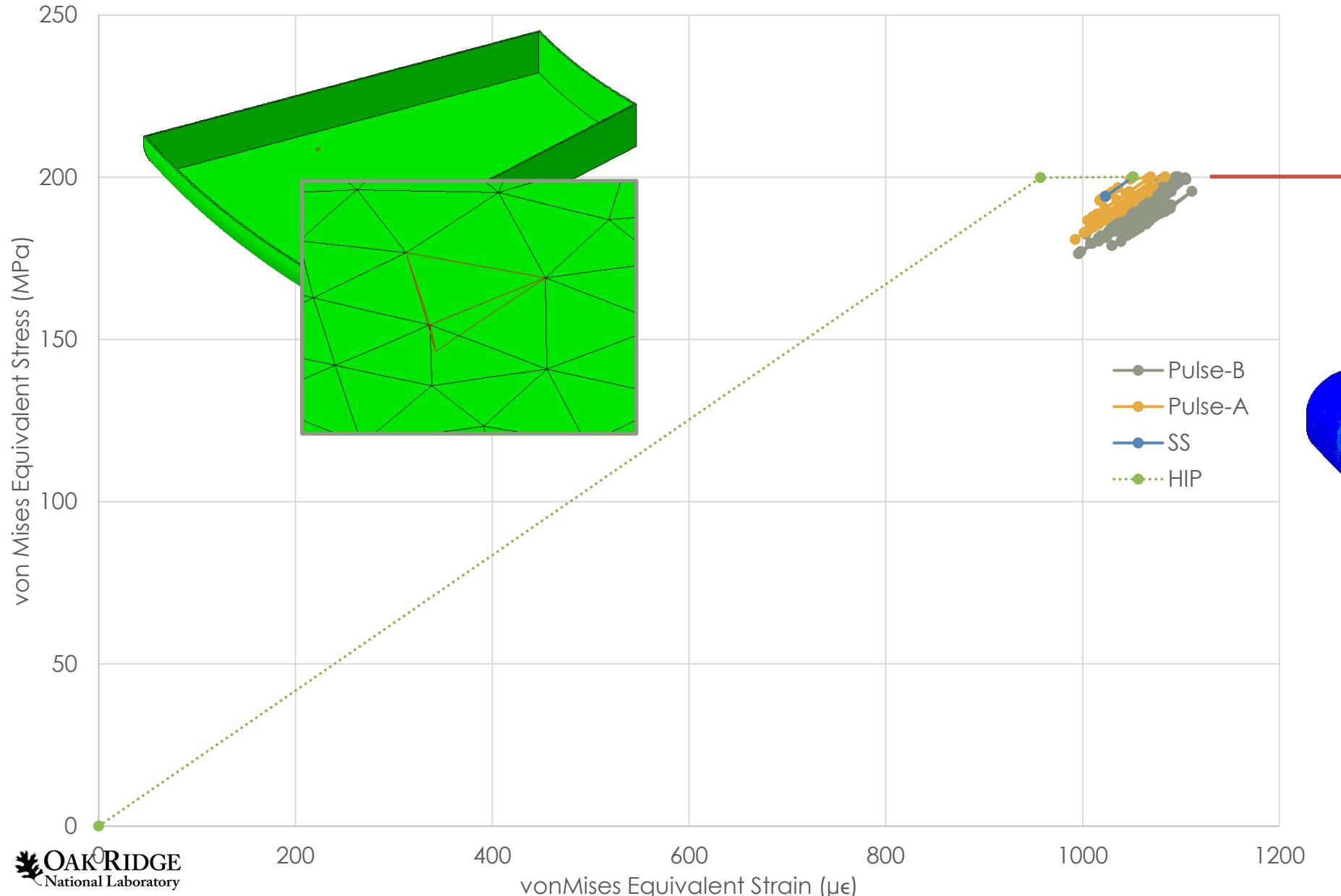


# Fatigue – Tantalum

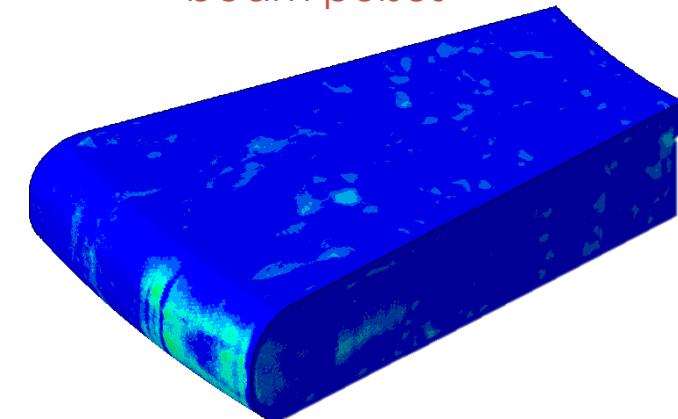
- Strain controlled
- Begins service life in a state of plastic yield
- Elastic shakedown phenomenon
  - ISIS TS2 → elastic shakedown with 1<sup>st</sup> pulse
  - CERN BDF → justification for Ta-2.5W clad
  - ORNL STS → currently in analysis, R&D



# Fatigue – Tantalum

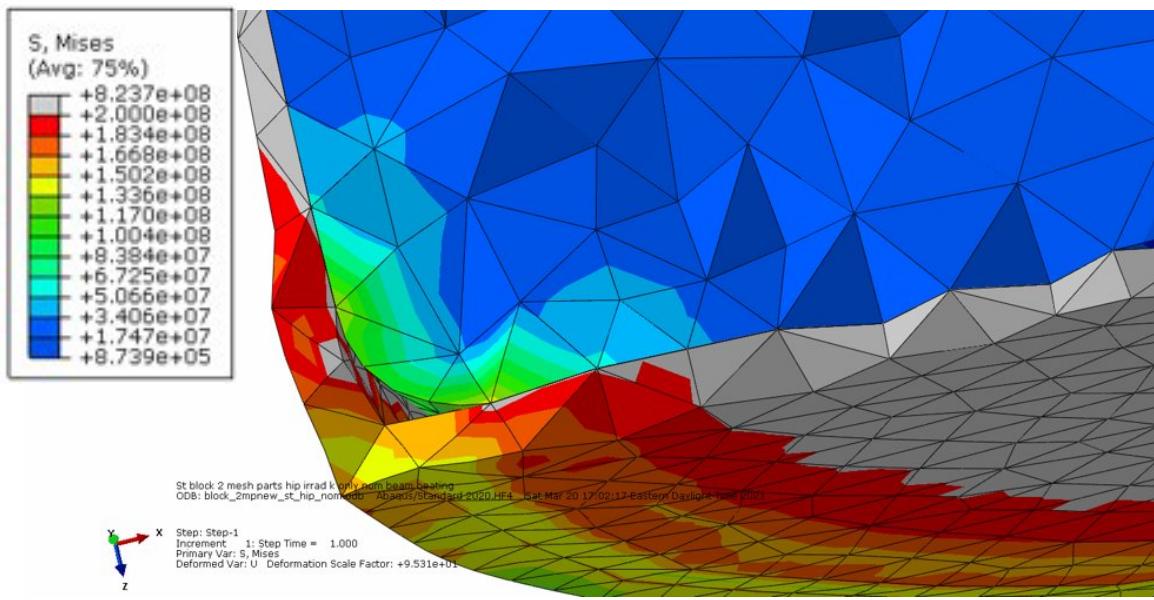


Plastic strain ratcheting seen after first set of beam pulses

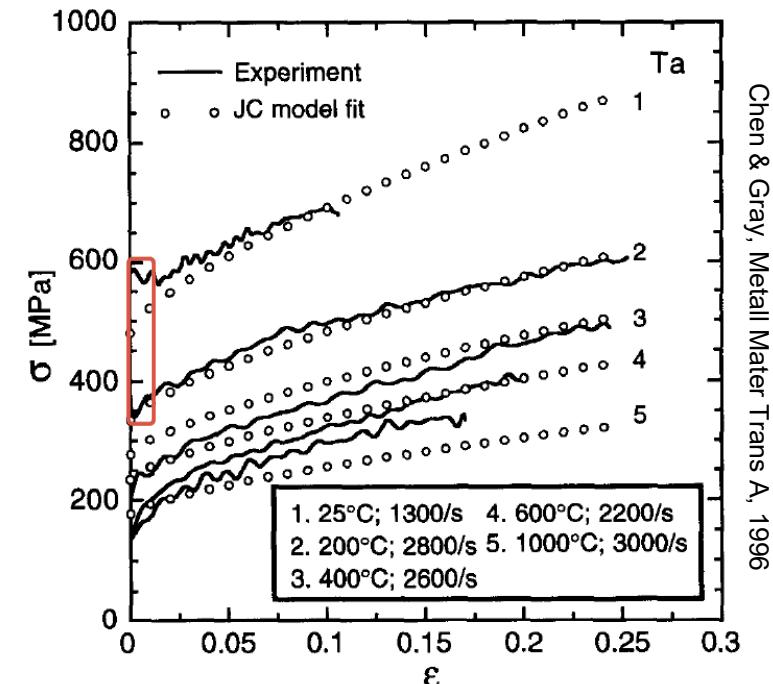


# Future Work

- Resolving Ta-W interface in edges and corners
  - Front edge after HIP (450°C – 30°C)



- Meshing Ta and Ta-W interface
- LOCA; Ta corrosion in steam
- Advanced Ta constitutive models
  - Johnson-Cook to capture strain rate, temperature, yield effects



# Summary

- STS Analysis Team has developed high fidelity analysis capabilities:
  - Neutronics (improved resolution of energy deposition in thin materials)
  - Structural (resolving time strain history in dynamic response)
- Tungsten Block: Initial indications appear to be conservative compared to existing targets
- Tantalum Cladding: Pursuing questions about Ta behavior and plastic ratcheting
  - Johnson Cook constitutive model
  - Effects of CTE temperature dependence
  - FEA discretization
- Will incorporate R&D results and geometry iterations in target analyses