

Moderator Reflector Assembly Topology

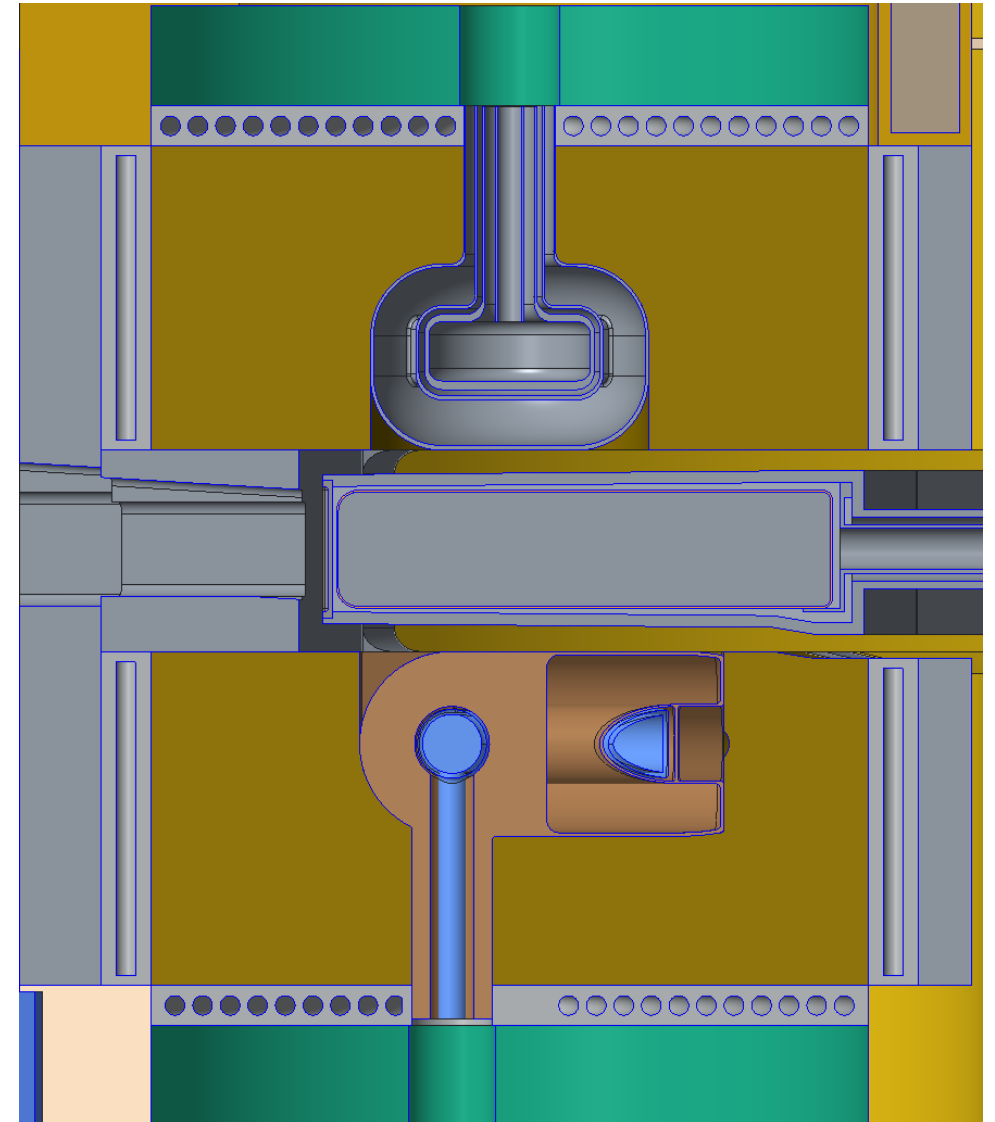
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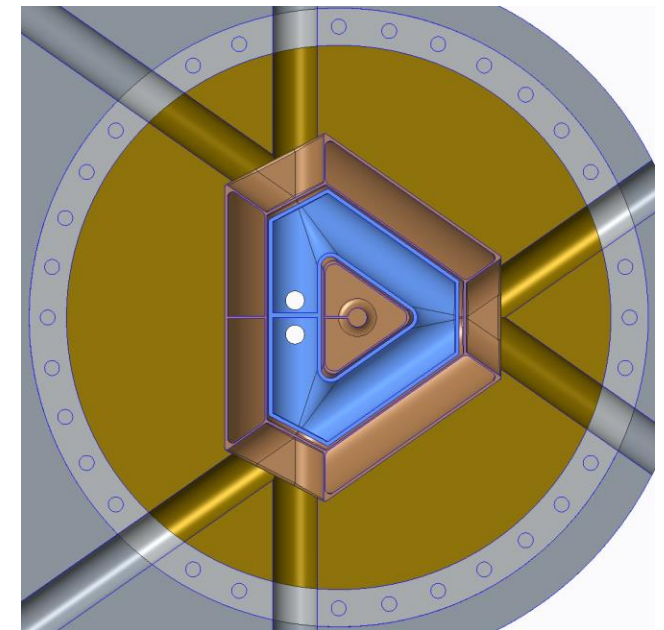
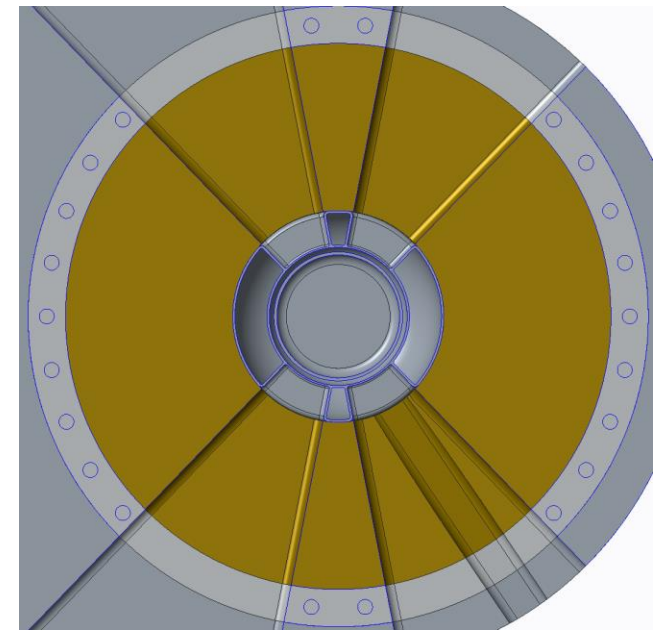
Moderator Reflector Assembly Topology at CDR

- Monolithic Top Beryllium Reflector
 - $\text{Ø}364.9\text{mm} \times h 155\text{mm}$
 - 4 33° beam tubes
- Monolithic Bottom Be Reflector
 - $\text{Ø}364.9\text{mm} \times h 170\text{mm}$
 - 6 $\text{Ø}30\text{mm}$ beam tubes
- Cooling provided by external heavy water cooled aluminum plates
 - Maximizes beryllium near moderators
 - 1 flat plate and 1 annular plate per reflector



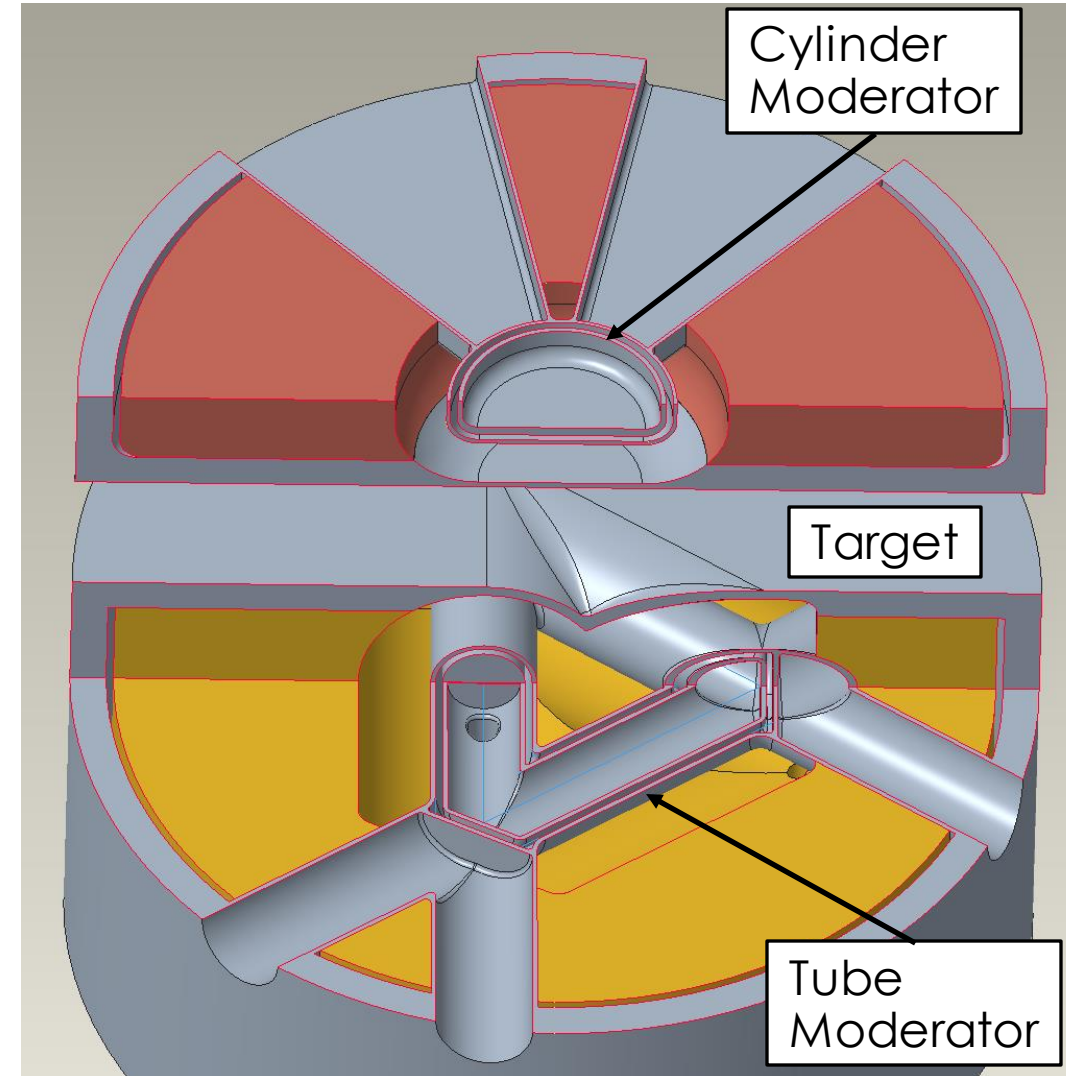
Aluminum Cooling Plates

- Reflector cooling provided by flat plates top and bottom and annular plates at the outer diameter
- Contact resistance is likely too high for the amount of heat transfer required
- Braze aluminum plates to beryllium reflector for maximizing heat transfer
 - No sealing or structural requirements
 - Commercially available process
 - Will require development and testing to ensure heat transfer requirements are met
- Structural connection to reflector reinforced with bolted connections



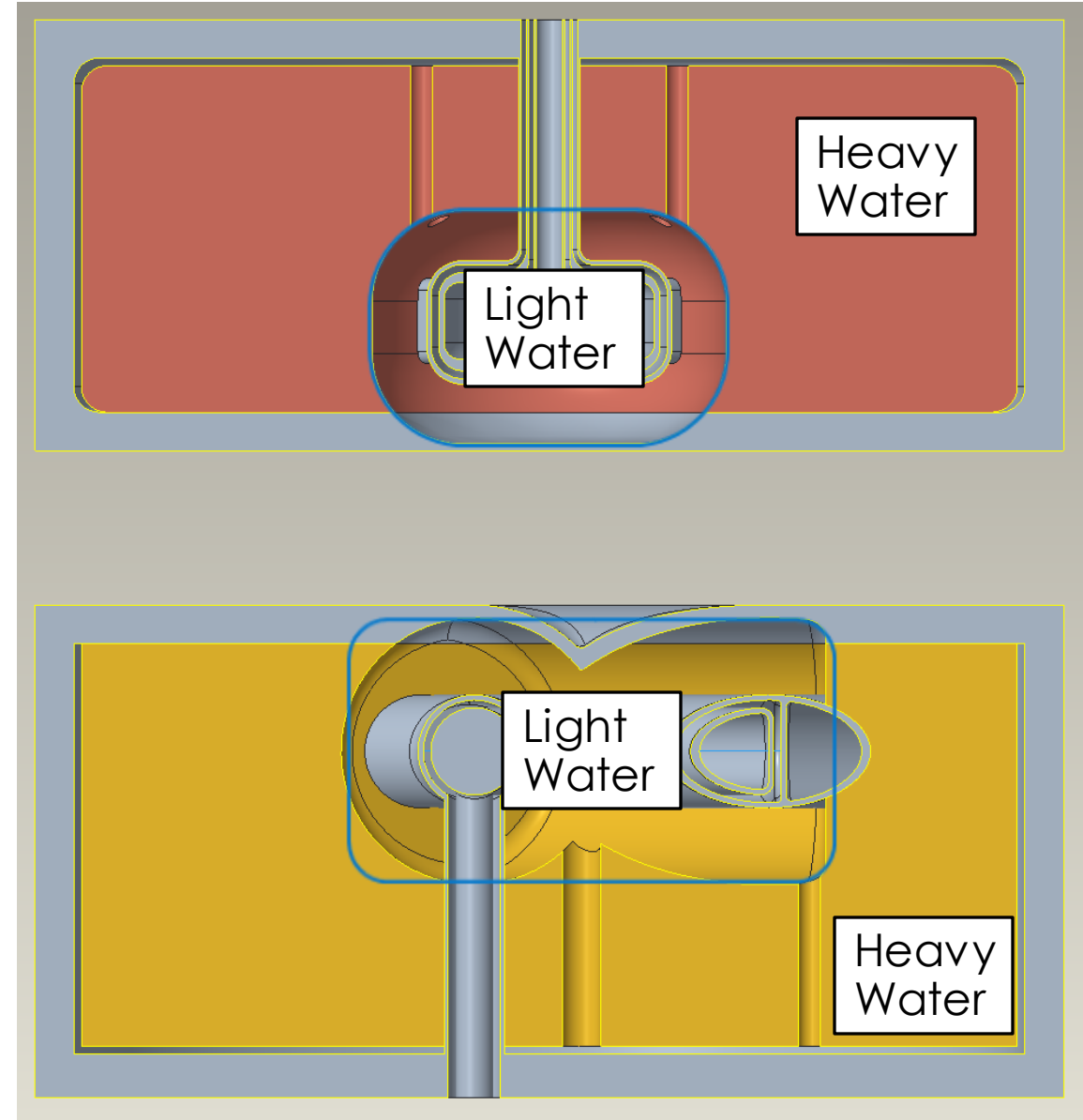
MRA Topology at PDR

- MRA designed to be simple while maximizing neutronic performance
 - Emphasis on reducing Al welding
- Light water premoderator surrounds moderators and provides reflector cooling
 - Boundary defined by Be reflector and reflector vessel
- Light water cooling surrounds outer diameter of reflectors



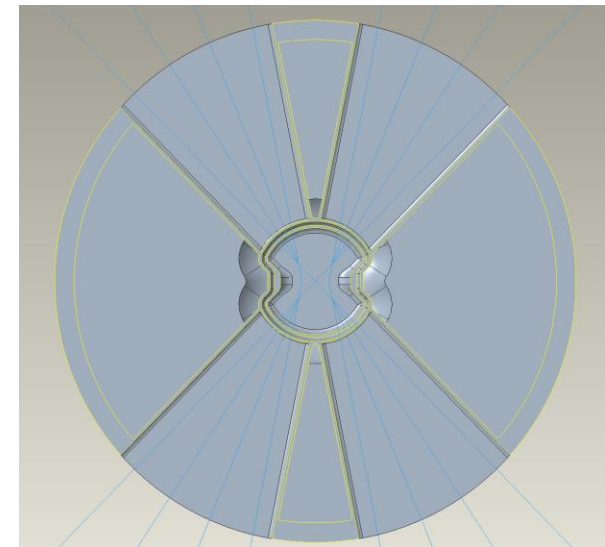
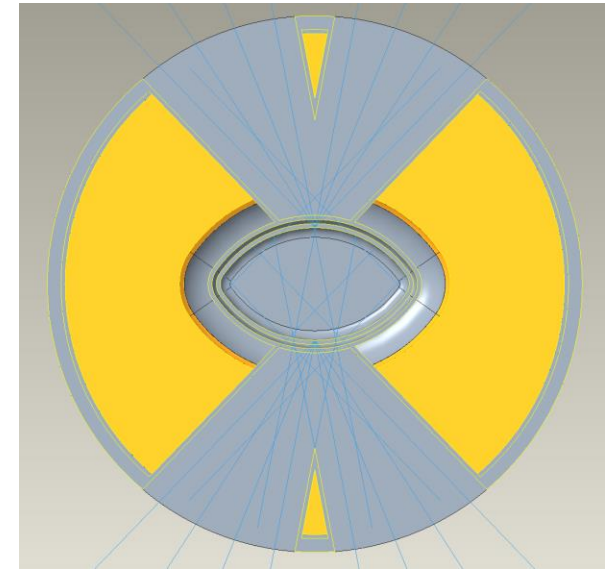
Alternative MRA Topology - Rejected

- Add extra aluminum layer around premoderator to allow for heavy water cooling of reflector
- More complicated fabrication
- More complicated reflector cooling
- No significant improvement in neutronic performance
- Rejected due to complication without increased performance



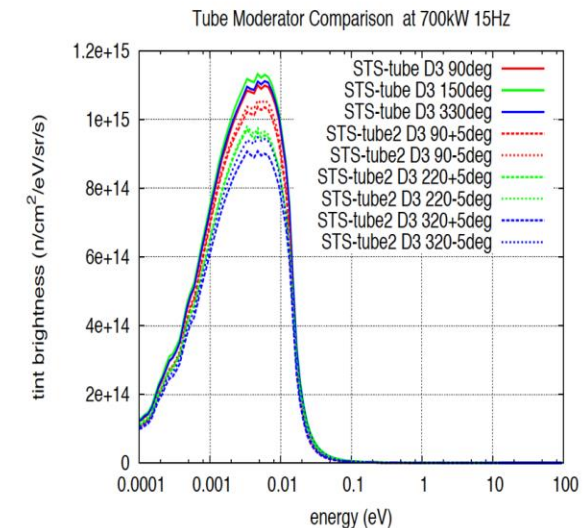
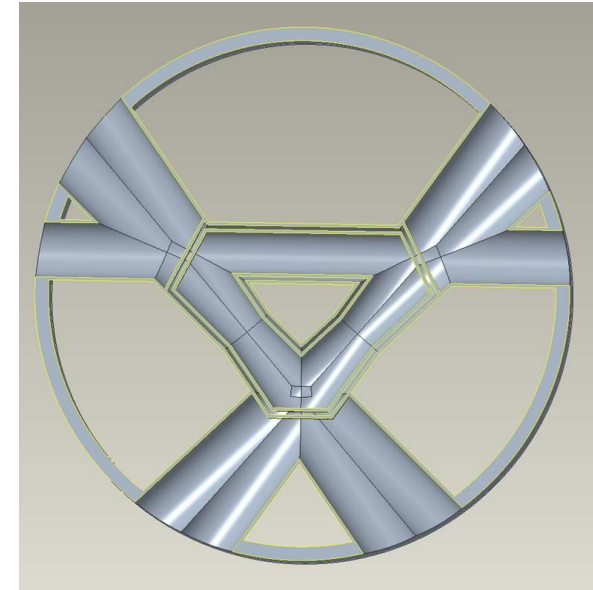
Alternative Cylinder Moderator Topologies - Rejected

- Most focus was on the cylinder moderator as tube was considered highly optimized
- No configuration found which matched the cylinder moderator performance
 - All require thicker walls
- All configurations were more difficult to fabricate than the cylinder moderator
- Rejected due to loss of performance



Alternative Tube Moderator Topology - Rejected

- Tube moderator alternative featured double tubes to increase number of beamlines
- Neutronics performance reduced by 5-20% depending on beamline
 - Instrument Systems was not interested in losing performance of tube moderator
- Fabrication of already complex assembly made even more complex
- Rejected due to loss of performance



Credit: Franz Gallmeier