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Probing the Nanoscale Excitonic Landscape and Quantum Confinement in Gated Monolayer WS₂ via Cathodoluminescence

Engineering excitonic properties at the nanoscale is a central challenge in quantum photonics and optoelectronics. While far-field optical spectroscopy has greatly advanced our understanding of excitonic phenomena, its diffraction-limited resolution yields only spatially averaged information. In this work, we investigate the excitonic landscape of monolayer WS₂ under electrostatic gating using cathodoluminescence (CL) spectroscopy. By leveraging the high spatial resolution of CL, we reveal a locally modulated Stark shift in exciton emission at homojunctions formed between regions with different stacking configurations. Moreover, under electron-beam excitation, we observe a gate-dependent switching of trion species, attributed to beam-induced charge trapping in the hBN dielectric. This unconventional electrostatic doping mechanism enables the formation of an exciton confinement potential, giving rise to a localized exciton channel that can be directly visualized through CL nanoscopy. Our findings elucidate the optoelectronic behavior of monolayer semiconductors under combined e-beam excitation and electrostatic gating. This approach provides a route for nanoscale exciton manipulation and opens opportunities for the control of quantum confined exciton transport in two-dimensional materials.

Topical Area

Hard matter: quantum, electronic, semiconducting materials

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